Watch Your Address Labels

THE OYEN NEWS

VOL. 12, No. 18. OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1925 PAGE ONE

ALBERTA PROVINCIAL LIBRARY JUL 2 1925 INSURANCE

Oyen's Eleventh Annual Summer Fair -- July 23 and 24

"NESCO"

OIL COOK STOVES

With the famous

ROCKWEAVE WICKS

The absolute satisfaction given by Nesco oil cook stoves can be proved by evidence of many thousands of users, better still, by actual demonstration right in ones own kitchen.

There is a right size and style for any purpose.

It Bakes—Boils—Roasts—Toasts. Surely, cleanly, without soot, quickly and easily.

Let your next Oil Stove be a

"NESCO"

THE RELIANCE HARDWARE

LIMITED

OYEN THEATRE

Friday-Saturday, July 3-4

NAZIMOVA and MILTON SILLS in

Adapted from W. B. Maxwell's greatest novel.

A stirring dramatic story of London's famous Limehouse district, containing a colorful romance. The picture is considered one of the most fascinating screenings of the world's most famous Chinatown.

Also a Christie Comedy, featuring

Bobby Vernon in "CORNFED"

Monday-Tuesday, July 6-7

"THE PRAIRIE WIFE"

From the story by Arthur Stringer

Featuring: Dorothy Devore and Herbert Rawlinson

Friday-Saturday July 10-11

Colleen Moore and Milton Sills in

"FLAMING YOUTH"

Good Time Dances after show Saturday nights.

M. D. of Golden Centre

The third meeting of Council of the M. D. of Golden Centre No. 272, was held at N.E.—13—30—5—W, 4th., on Thursday June 11 th. 1925.

Members all present.

Council called to order by Reeve, and business transacted as follows:—

Minutes read and confirmed.

Correspondence read and disposed of.

Approval of crossings on the Loverna Westerly Branch of the C.N.R. was granted providing they make approaches of no more than a 5 per cent. grade. fence with standard fence and install standard cattle guards.

The Oyen Agricultural Society was made a grant of $ 100.00.

The action of the Secretary in guaranteeing Hospital Fee for treatment of Enid Tattershall was confirmed.

The Secretary was instructed to invest $ 4000.00 in Saving Certificates.

Dept. of Public Works was requested to survey diversions between 10 and 11 29 4, between 21 and 22-29-4, S.E.15-30 4, between 26 and 27-31-4, secure level of grade between 14 and 15 31-4, between 10 and 11 31 5, between 10 and 15-31-6, and two rows of lots in cemetery at 14 31 6

Secretary read Financial statement to date, which was accepted.

The following accounts were paid:—John Deere Plow Co., mould board, 12.20; J.D.Adams and Co., six grader shares,54.00; Western Muuicipal News,forms 2.10; London Guarantee and Accident Co.,premium on bonds for Klassen, Thompson and Dahl, 15.00; C. B. Tattershall, Enid's expences to Hospital, 50.00; fee and mileage, council meetings, R.Cates, 18.00; Bruce Morris, 18.60; P.C.Hoard, 21.00; Ed.Stewart,25.80; Frank Barker, 12.00 and B. W. Hornett, 12.80; L.C.Michaels, rent June 3rd and 11th., 7.50; Ralph Greene,salary, March, April and May 375.00; office expence, 20.00; telephone tolls, 2.45; express on repairs, 3.35;Crowrn Lumber Co.,lumber for culverts, 10.65; Workmens Compensation Board, 1924 levy 82.78; Thos. Barker, repair on bridge, 5.00. The Drumheller Hospital was advanced 200.00 to apply on amount due them by Mrs. Demyer, and to secure same Mr. F. Demyer was required to give Chattel Mortgage on his share of crop grown on 15-29 0-4.

Secretary read notice of admission of Mrs. F. E. Waldo to the Cereal Hospital and Herman Ross to Oyen Hospital.

The S.W.-16-31-6-W.4th., was offered for sale for $1600.00; terms $500.00 cash and balance in five equal payments at 7 per cent. interest, deferred payments beginning two years after date of purchase.

As complaint was made that A.Howton was running stock at large he was advised that as we have a by-law forbidding same, he must refrain from so doing except on land he has leased.

At a yearly rental of $20.00 the S.E. 23 29 4-W.4th. was leased to C.S.Cates and the S.W.-16 31-6-W.4th.to Margaret Stewart

Councillor Stewart was empowered to grant privilege and supervise digging of well on road allowance.

Councillor Cates. was empowered to protect house on S. E.-23 29-4-W.4th.

Resident engineer McQueen attended and advised locations where Provincial Grant would have to be earned.

Council adjourned to meet on Wednesday, August 5 1925.

Ralph Greene, Sec-Treas.

OBITUARY

Maude Elizabeth Herrick

The death of Maude Elizabeth, beloved wife of Myron Herrick, occurred at the home of her husband, west of Cappon, on Wednesday, June 24. The funeral was conducted on Friday afternoon. Following a short service at the house, the cortege proceeded to Oyen where service was conducted by Rev. C. R. Corcoran, in the United Church. Interment followed at Oyen Cemetery.

The late Mrs. Herrick, who came to this district with her husband from Wisconsin, in 1912, died in her 50th year. She is survived by her husband, Myron Herrick, five sons, Frank J., of Wisconsin Rapids, Wis., William, of Minocqua, Wis., George, of Washington state (now visiting his father), Earle and Ernest and three daughters, Mrs. Lelah Marshall, Mrs. Nina Beer, of Veteran, and Gertrude. Besides imediate relatives, the funeral was attended by a large number of friends. The church at Oyen was beautifully decorated with flowers and plants by the Oyen Ladies Aid.

May Instal Paper Plant

Good progress is being made by John Bache-Wiig of Montreal, the inventor of the process bearing his name of making paper from straw, in his investigation of the use of Alberta straw in the manufacture of the different kinds of newsprint, wrapping and other paper. Mr. Bache-Wiig came to the city at the request of the provincial government and intends remaining here for some time.

He is working in connection with Trade Commissioner Howard Stutchbury in looking into the different phases of the straw-paper industry, both from the manufacturing and the commercial point of view.

It is expected that his report to the government will be in the hands of the authorities in the course of the next ten days, and if it proves favorable, as it is expected that it will, steps are likely to be taken during the coming summer to establish a small plant in some central part of the province.

New Alberta Hand-book

The new issue of the illustrated Alberta hand book issued by the publicity department is now being distributed abroad, and a supply has been forwarded to Wembley Exposition for distribution there.

Look at your address label.

Hobberlin Clothing

Special for 45 days, Hobberlin made to measure clothing at a reduction of 20 per cent from regular prices. This is your opportunity of securing a High Class Tailored Suit at a 20 per cent saving. Come in and see the samples.

LADIES

We have just opened a large shipment of Ballantyne's Silk and Fine Wool Waists and Dresses. This is the first shipment of early fall goods to hand and the styles are sure to be correct. Ask to see them.

We are taking orders for preserving Raspberries at the very special price of $3.75 per case. Only a limited number can be secured so early orders take preference.

During July and August our store closes at 1, p.m. Wednesdays.

S. A. MILLER

OYEN'S CASH MERCHANT

MANY SATISFIED CUSTOMERS APPRECIATE

OUR SERVICE

Whether it is Gas, Oil, Accessories or Repairs you need, you may rely on courteous and efficent service. Our aim is to have

All Our Customers Satisfied Customers

CAR OWNERS

Let us Estimate the cost of reconditioning your car.

WE USE ONLY genuine parts in our REPAIR WORK

Reboring—Overhauling—Service

FOR RELIABLE SERVICE

JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Main Street Phone 14

Special Offering

OF

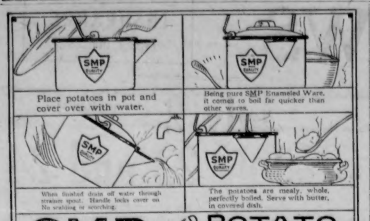
WASHBOILERS

AND

ALUMINUMWARE

SEE OUR WINDOWS

Oyen Hardware Company Ltd



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Canada's Tied-Up Resources.

(Third Article)

In all articles appearing in this column, it is sought to be optimistic and constructive, rather than pessimistic and destructive, because only so can any service of real value to the community be rendered. Having in the previous two articles on "Canada's Tied-Up Resources" outlined the situation which confronts every citizen and lover of this Dominion—and an extremely critical situation it unquestionably is—some attention should be devoted to finding a solution, if, indeed, one can be found. But found it must be if Canada is not to continue in the doldrums for many years to come, cheated of the position among the nations of the world which Nature intended (through the variety and abundance of its gifts) this country to occupy.

The first essential to a solution is an awakening of the people of Canada to a full realization of their country's present position in respect to its resources. A second, and equally important essential, is frankness and courage on the part of public men of all parties in facing and grappling with the problem confronting Canada.

It is necessary that present shibboleths, pet policies, and partizan nostrums be completely scrapped and relegated to a forever buried past. Instead of continuing to waste time debating in just what manner the stable can best be locked now that the horse is stolen, each interested citizen in Canada should unite with other interested citizens in an endeavor to, if possible, recover the stolen horse.

The battle for and against embargoes, or export duties, on pulp wood and pulp, on waterpowers and electric energy, on nickel and other ores, is being waged with vigor. It is largely beside the mark. At best embargoes and export duties are but half measures and likely to result in reprisals. They do not go to the basic root of the whole trouble, namely, that an enormous amount of Canada's natural resources have passed from Canadian ownership and control into foreign control, and that control is being exercised to the detriment of Canada, checking development, employment, growth of population and industry, and making full prosperity impossible.

The last thing to be advocated in this column is repudiation of obligations, whether national or entered into through private contract. Consequently no such thing is expressed or implied. It must be recognized, however, that when the natural resources of any country—the property of all the people—pass into private ownership and control, there also passes to the new owners an obligation to the people and country who were the original owners. That obligation, expressed in written contract or not, is that the resources in question shall be developed for use of the people as a whole, thereby providing for their wants and advancing the welfare of the country at large. If *this obligation is not carried out honestly and to the full ability of the new owners*, then the original owners have right and justice on their side in demanding either the discharge of such obligation or a return of the property.

With such huge issues at stake as the success of our railways, the prosperity of all our industries, employment for our people, increased population and wealth necessary to carry our national burdens and pay off our war debt, with, in fact, the whole future of Canada as an economic and national unit hanging in the balance, the people of this Dominion dare not allow its national and natural resources to remain indefinitely tied up awaiting the convenience of foreign interests for their development for use.

The Dominion Parliament and the Legislatures of those Provinces which have control of their natural resources would be acting well within their undoubted rights if they gave notice to all holders of undeveloped natural resources that that development must be begun and prosecuted with vigor, not a mere surface scratching but real development consistent with the nature and extent of the resources held, and that, failing such development within a stated time, title to all such resources would revert to the people as represented by the Crown.

Such action could in no sense be construed as repudiation; it would rather be a proper enforcement of the rights of Canada and the Canadian people, and a very necessary recognition of Canadian manhood and independence and emancipation from a galling servitude which, if continued, sounds the deathknell of the Dominion.

A Titled Typist

The fancy recently developed by society girls for swelling the army of working women has taken an unusual turn in the case of Lady Constance Howard, elder sister of the Earl of Carlisle. After a period of training in shorthand, typewriting and other essentials, she has gone in for a career as secretary to a firm in London.

The largest smokable cigar ever made was presented to a New York politician. It was twenty-eight inches in length and weighed more than five pounds.

Will Celebrate Kruger's Centenary

The 100th anniversary of Paul Kruger's birth is to be celebrated in South Africa next October. Paul Kruger, formerly president of the Transvaal Republic, was born at Colesberg, Cape Colony, on October 10, 1825. He died in Switzerland in 1904. He was president of the Transvaal during the Boer War, and under pressure of Lord Roberts' troops, had to flee in 1900.

Female moths have the strange power of being able to "call" their mates from miles around. Scientists have never yet obtained a satisfactory explanation of this mystery.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Britain Makes Another Payment

Washington Receives Over Sixty-Eight Million For Semi-Annual Interest

The U. S. treasury received payments from Great Britain, Finland, Hungary, Lithuania and Poland on account of their funded indebtedness to the United States.

The British payment, a semi-annual remittance on interest, amounted to $68,310,000. It was paid in 2¾ per cent. treasury certificates with a $75.34 payment in cash necessary to adjust the interest accrued.

The total payment from Finland, $133,650, was made in cash. Hungary funded half of its third semi-annual payment of interest, and paid the other half, $14,305.69 in cash. Lithuania also funded part of its first annual installment on principal and interest, and turned over to the treasury $75,225 in cash, of which $45,225 was for interest and $30,000 for principal. This payment also was in cash.

The first payment on account of the Polish Government amounted to $500,000, but approximately $136,000 was turned over to the treasury last January, and the remainder was remitted on June 15 in cash.

2 Years' Backache Subdued by "Nerviline"

"Backache was the bane of my life, and for two years I was so lame as to be unfit for work," writes E. S. Sloane, from Georgetown. "While in Smith Bros. Drug Store, I heard of Nerviline being a wonderful pain-destroyer, so I decided to try Nerviline. Thanks to Nerviline, my two-years' backache was rubbed away, and to-day I am perfectly well."

All those who suffer from weak, aching backs, those whose muscles are stiff, whose joints are swollen, let them try Nerviline—the liniment that never fails. 35c at all dealers.

Big Coal Discovery

900,000,000 Tons of Coal in B.C. Section

The recently discovered coal area at Hat Creek, on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway, north of Vancouver, is declared by investigators to be one of the greatest in the world, and to contain 900,000,000 tons. It is estimated that four square miles of the district are underlain by the coal measures.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS ALWAYS IN THE HOME

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she always keeps a supply on hand, for the first trial convinces her there is nothing to equal them in keeping children well. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the bowels and sweeten the stomach, thus driving out constipation and indigestion, colds and simple fevers, and making teething easier. Concerning them, Mrs. Salusie Pelletier, St. Damas, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years and an never without them in the house. They have always given the greatest satisfaction and I can gladly recommend them to all mothers of little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or direct by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Saskatchewan Postmasters

A. C. Kolb, of Herbert, was re-elected president of the Saskatchewan Postmasters' Association at the closing session of the second annual convention at Moose Jaw, and W. J. Coleman, of Vanguard, was elected vice-president. C. D. Griffith was re-elected secretary-treasurer, and Mrs. R. L. Pettigrew, Beechy, with R. A. McKinley, Hatton, were appointed to the executive. The 1926 convention will be held at Saskatoon.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is an excellent medicine to destroy worms.

New Grain Act

Would Make Provisions Uniform Throughout the Dominion

Concurrent legislation to make provisions of the new Grain Act uniform throughout Canada and place them beyond question on the ground of constitutionality, should be asked of the Provincial Governments, especially those of the western provinces. This is the tenor of a resolution adopted by the agricultural committee of the house at Ottawa.

The resolution was sponsored by J. L. Brown, Progressive, Lisgar, Man. It asks the Federal Government to take up with the Provincial Governments the advisability of passing such concurrent legislation at the earliest possible date.

The Prince of Wales is now described as "John Bull's Travelling Salesman." What is more, he delivers the goods.

Minard's Liniment for Sprains

Fresh country milk

Use it wherever the recipe calls for milk.

Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co. Limited, Montreal.

ST. C. 24-25

Farthest North Surveys

Department of the Interior Lays Out Plots at Six Posts in Arctic Archipelago

Six different posts in the Franklin district of Northern Canada have now been surveyed for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or for trading companies, as one of the results of the 1923 and 1924 Arctic expeditions under the North West Territories and Yukon branch of the department of the interior.

Plans of these surveys are prepared by the topographical survey branch from the surveyor's field notes for filing with the registrar of the North West Territories. These surveys were made at Craig Harbor, Dundas Harbor, Strathcona Harbor, Ponds Inlet, Cumberland Sound and Rice Strait, by F. D. Henderson, D.L.S. The last named post on Ellesmere Island, being only 750 miles from the North Pole, is the most northerly point at which any official survey has ever been made.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil that it can be used internally with as much success as it can outwardly. Sufferers from catarrh will find that the Oil when used according to directions will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

Does Your Baby Cry?

Is it nervous and restless during hot weather? If so—most likely his food is not agreeing with him. If you cannot nurse your baby, or if it does not gain upon your breast milk give him Borden's Eagle Brand Milk —the food that has successfully reared hundreds of thousands of babies. Easy to prepare—just add boiled water as directed.

In this paper from time to time you will find an advertisement of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk, a food that has raised more healthy babies than all the prepared infant foods combined. Cut out the advertisement and mail it to The Borden Company, Limited, Montreal, and they will send you, free of charge, instructions for feeding your baby, and a Baby Welfare Book and Baby Record Book. Or just write the Company, mentioning this paper, and they will be sent.

Wretched from Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dissipates the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

Canal Saves Auto

An auto standing on a street at Phoenix, Arizona, suddenly burst into flames. The owner pushed it into an irrigation canal. The flames were extinguished, another car pulled it out, and he drove off with only slight damage.

Shave In Comfort With Cuticura Shaving Stick

This delicately medicated antiseptic Shaving Stick produces a creamy lasting lather enabling tender-faced men to shave without any irritation, even twice daily. It leaves the skin smooth and fresh and makes shaving a pleasure. Cuticura Talcum is an ideal after-shaving powder.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Cuticura Laboratories," Malden, Mass. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 5

THE BEGINNING OF FOREIGN MISSIONS

Golden Text: And He said unto them, Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to the whole creation. Mark 16.15.

Lesson: Acts 12.25 to 13.12.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 55.1-7.

The Text Explained and Illumined

The first foreign missionaries and their dismissal service, verses 1-3.—In the church at Antioch there were many prophets and teachers, chief among whom was Barnabas. There were also Symeon the Black, an African, no doubt; Lucius of Cyrene, perhaps one of the original evangelists who established the church at Antioch, Acts 11.20; Manaen, the foster-brother of Herod the tetrarch; and Saul, possibly the latest to join the leaders in Antioch. The Herod referred to here was Herod Antipas, whom Jesus described as a "fox," Lk. 13.32, son of Herod the Great. According "to Deissmann, "foster-brother" was a court title of honor, like the phrase "the friend of the king" used in the Old Testament. It is interesting to recall in this connection that Joanna, the wife of Chuzas, the steward of this same Herod, was also a follower of Christ, Lk. 8.3.

"In the days of the apostles, and as long as Christianity was a proscribed religion, the bulk of the membership of the Church consisted of the humbler and middle ranks of society. The wealthy and noble will always be few in comparison with others in the Church, for this if for no other reason, that there are fewer of them" (Dr. James Orr).

Speculate On Canada's New Governor-General

Officials in London have already formed definite views as to the qualifications necessary for the important and responsible post of governor-general of Canada. The name of Prince Henry is again being mentioned, and it is noteworthy that he alone of all the Princes was present with his august father when the latter opened the new Canadian building on Monday, June 29, while his interest in all things Canadian has been patent for some time past. One thing can be definitly said with regard to the appointment, if Canada has any particular predictions for any particular person they have only to explain their preference in order to have it carried into effect. It is admitted that it will be a difficult task to find a man outside the royal family who is invested with sufficient dignity and influence to make the bonds between the motherland and Canada more secure.

Canada's Problems

Sir Robert Falconer Addresses Educationists at a Dinner in London

Many educationists of note attended the dinner given by the Canada Club of London in honor of Sir Robert Falconer, president of the University of Toronto.

Sir Robert submitted that Canada's three greatest problems were: First, the internal unification of the Dominion; second, her future population; third, the complaint that Canada is reserved in her attitude towards Britain and the empire.

The western and maritime provinces are just now loudly expressing discontent and it is certain that they have received less from confederation than they legitimately expected, he stated.

House Of Commons Makes Decision

Holds Fleas Are Not Trained Animals Within Meaning of Act

After lengthy debate the British House of Commons has decided that trained fleas are not trained animals within the meaning of the act animals. The commons went further and decided that fleas could not be trained at all, and then wound up the argument by deciding that fleas are not animals.

Exhibitors of troupes of trained fleas protested at being subjected to the act which regulates the care and handling of horses, dogs, monkeys, in performance. The exhibitors themselves admitted that the fleas could not be trained.

Grain Inspections At Calgary

Since the beginning of the present shipping year, approximately 28,000,000 bushels of grain have been inspected in Calgary. Of this quantity 24,000,000 bushels were wheat.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

The most perfect form of flattery is to say to people what they think of themselves.

Very often a sound investment is just a bit of speculation that turned out all right.

Minard's Liniment For Neuralgia

"Hello Daddy—don't forget my Wrigley's"

Slip a package in your pocket when you go home tonight.

Give the youngsters this wholesome, long-lasting, sweet—for pleasure and benefit.

Use it yourself after smoking or when work drags. It's a great little freshener.

WRIGLEY'S

After every meal

THE WRIGLEY CO. LIMITED
JUICY FRUIT
CHEWING GUM
SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT
884

Warren Harding Memorial

Statue to be Unveiled at Vancouver In September

An international memorial which in many ways is unique, will be unveiled in Vancouver on September 17 next, to perpetuate the remembrance of the late President Warren G. Harding's visit to Canadian soil in July, 1923. The unveiling will take place after the international convention of Kiwanis Clubs under whose auspices the memorial is being erected. Although the statue was first ordered to be built by a committee acting on the initiative of the Kiwanis Club of Vancouver, the subscription list was open to clubs in the United States as well, with the result that the objective of $35,000 was soon over-reached and the United States clubs insisted that they bear the entire expense, the amount subscribed by the Canadian clubs being returned to them.

The memorial will mark an event of which history offers no duplicate—that of a United States president making an address on Canadian soil during his term of office. President Harding visited Vancouver for a few hours on his way south after visiting Alaska in July, 1923, and was given an impressive reception. His address, in which he made an eloquent plea for continued friendship between the English-speaking peoples and practically between Canada and the United States, was listened to by over 20,000 people and aroused considerable interest throughout the British Empire.

Aeroplane Will Be Speedy

Four Hundred Miles Per Hour Is Claim Of German Inventor

An aeroplane, said to be capable of a speed of 400 miles an hour, is being built and will be entered into the races for the Pulitzer trophy next October, according to Dr. Otto A. Koller, German aeronautical expert, now in New York.

Dr. Koller, the inventor, said his biplane will be equipped with an 800 horsepower engine with a total wing spread of 26 feet.

Life was safer when all the honking was done by geese.

For COLIC AND CRAMPS PAINS IN THE STOMACH There's Nothing Equals

It has been in use for over 80 years; its action is pleasant, rapid, reliable and effectual, and relief comes promptly.

"Don't accept a substitute."

The genuine is put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

LARGE Manufacturing Firm, selling concentrated flavoring extracts in tubes, direct to the homes, wants county Managers throughout the West. Whirlwind sales and repeat orders everywhere. Here is a winner. Write quick. Territory going fast. Craig Brothers, Desk C, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

OVER HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION
Dr. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR THE LIVER, KIDNEYS & STOMACH
Dr. LE CLERC'S VEGETABLE APERIENT PILLS
Dr. LE CLERC'S VIN ANÆMIA
FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES
Dr. LE CLERC'S VEGETABLE APERIENT PILLS
Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co. Hinchford Rd. N. W. London
or Wed. 21-12 from H. FROST ST. E. TORONTO Ont.
or 30 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Introduction Of Garnet Wheat May Be Fraught With Great Possibilities In Future

The Dominion cerealist, recently addressing the agricultural council of the House of Commons, speaking of a new wheat developed at the experimental farms, made the statement: "The production of Garnet wheat may possibly in the near future replace the famous Marquis wheat. This new wheat has capabilities of high production in seasons of drought, ripens earlier than Marquis, even in wet weather, thereby escaping the possibilities of rust and frost, and it is hoped that Garnet wheat may extend the wheat growing area many miles farther north."

In an appreciation of Marquis wheat, it is difficult to grasp the full significance of this. Marquis wheat, developed by Charles Saunders, who was recently granted a pension of $5,000 per year by the Canadian Government for his invaluable contribution to the continent's agriculture, and was awarded the gold medal by the Royal Society of Canada, has to some extent revolutionized wheat growing in America. In the past twenty years it has placed millions of additional dollars in the pockets of Canadian and United States farmers. The statement forces attention to what has been accomplished in wheat growing in Western Canada.

The development of the raw plains of the west into a productive territory known familiarly as the "Granary of the Empire" has been rapid and sensational. In the early eighties, when The Canadian Pacific Railway first thrust its steel into the area and government and railway advertised the area as a grain-growing territory, the possibilities of wheat production were regarded very sceptically, and many authorities stated dogmatically that it would never be produced economically there. In 1924, forty years later, Canadian wheat acreage was 22,505,000 and the estimated spring wheat production 271,622,000 bushels. This compared with an acreage of 59,659,000 and a production of 872,675,000 in the United States in the same year. Canada's yield in the past year was equal to nearly 12 per cent. of the world's wheat crop grown in 31 countries, as recorded by the International Institute, as against 22 per cent. in that of the United States crop.

In 1911 Canada first entered the international lists with her wheat, since when she has failed in only one year to carry away the world's championship, when she had the consolation of knowing that the winning Montana farmer had produced his crop from Canadian seed. The yield of wheat in Canada is consistently higher than in other countries of similar conditions. The world's record wheat crop was grown in Alberta in 1923, when 108,413,000 bushels were produced on 5,958,361 acres, an average of 28 bushels to the acre of wheat weighing 61.45 pounds to the bushel.

Milk Good For Poultry

Keeps Fowls Healthier and Acts As a Tonic

Is milk a substitute for a 20 per cent. meat mash as a feed for chickens? According to the results of an experiment conducted by the poultry department at South Dakota States College, it is. "If a farmer has milk, he ought to feed some of it to his chickens," states G. L. Stevenson, head of the department. "Milk can be fed to chickens to better advantage than to hogs and older calves. Furthermore, it will pay anyone to buy milk for the young chicks."

The results of the experiment show that although milk is a substitute for meat mash if both the meat mash and the milk have to be purchased, the meat mash will supply the necessary protein to the chickens for less cost. A point in favor of the milk, however, is that it keeps the fowls healthier. The lactic acid in the milk seems to act as a tonic.

Easily Explained

Two Irishmen stood in front of a drug store in Dublin. In the window was a display of rubber gloves.

"Now I wonder what is them things for?" asked one of the Irishmen.

"Oh," replied the other Irishman, "ye can put them things on an' wash yer hands without gettin' yer hands wet."

Life on the loneliest island of the British Empire, Tristan da Cunha, is a strange affair. Dancing is the chief amusement, but men dance with men and women with women, save on very special occasions.

Enthusiasm sometimes carries people away only to leave them to return in disgust.

A Never-Ending Warfare

Man Will Always Have to Fight Insect Enemies

A never-ending warfare, without peace or armistice, must be carried on by mankind against his insect enemies, says Capper's Weekly. If insect pests had their own way unchecked even for a single season they would seriously endanger, if not wipe out, the world's food supply. For example, a single pair of potato bugs starting in the spring, if permitted to reproduce without hindrance, would increase to 60,000,000 of their kind before frost of the same year. Certain plant lice or aphids produce at the rate of thirteen generations in a season. The boll weevil destroys 3,000,000 bales of cotton annually.

Contrary to human progress in other lines, advancing civilization is helping to propagate and multiply these insect armies. Commerce between nations and increased travel between sections of the same nations have spread these pests everywhere. Congress at its last session voted $2,500,000 to the United States department of agriculture to fight injurious insect life under the direction of Dr. Leland O. Howard, chief of the bureau of entomology.

Facts About the North

Where They Grow 419 Bushels of Potatoes to the Acre

The writer of the article in the Edinburgh Review, in which the area for profitable settlement in Canada north of the American border was put at less than a hundred miles, should read the report of the experimental sub-station at Fort Vermilion, Alberta, for 1923. It has been summarized in a bulletin issued by the federal director of publicity. This point is over seven hundred miles beyond the boundary line, but wheat there yielded, nine varieties being sown, from thirty-seven to fifty-nine bushels per acre. As much as 419 bushels of potatoes was obtained per acre, and even one variety of garden corn produced a fair percentage of fully matured, though rather soft ears. There were good crops of beans and other common vegetables, rapid growth made possible by long hours of warm sunshine.—Edmonton Journal.

New Zealand's Foresight

Has Realized Wisdom of Husbanding Her Forest Resources

The time-honored plan of using timber regardless of consequences is passing away. New Zealand has realized the wisdom of husbanding her forest resources none too soon. While much good work has been done by the state forest service, there is still room for more appreciation of the need for care and economy, and for more vigorous action toward securing them. On returning from the Empire forestry conference in Canada, the director of state forests said he was "more than satisfied New Zealand must grow her own wood supplies or go without."—Auckland Weekly News.

The Human Factor

Discussing the human factor in industrial accidents, Mr. W. H. Cameron, managing director of the Chicago National Safety Council, tells of a colored sweeper in a woodworking establishment who became curious about a silently whirring saw. He put out his finger to see if the edge was really serrated. It was, and in explaining to the foreman a few minutes later how he lost the tip of his index finger, he said: "Yeash, ah jest stuck out ma finger like dis—for de Lawd's sake, dere goes anudder!"

"Music Turner" Invented

Notice of the incorporation of a limited company with head office in Saskatoon for the acquiring of the patent rights of an invention for turning sheet music, manufacturing the article and putting it on the market, appears in the issue of the Canada Gazette of June 6. The device was invented jointly by J. P. Ross, of Glvin, Sask., and W. W. Eves, and in use the machine will turn sheet music by the player merely touching a lever with his knee or foot.

Germans Have New Cocaine

A new synthetic cocaine called "Tutokain," has been discovered by German chemists—as one of the products of preparing artificial rubber. It is said to be able to be sterilized by heating, an advantage over ordinary cocaine which decomposes under heat.

In 1877 all the telephones in the world were made by two men in a little shop in Boston.

Why Barley Is Bearded

Provision Made By Nature To Protect the Grain

In nature there is a reason for everything, even though we may not be clever enough to find it. Since your first encounter with barley beards, you may have asked what useful purpose those things could serve.

Recently Joe Robinson, a farm crops man at the Iowa State College, answered the question. Because such remarkable things as developing a spineless cactus have been accomplished with plants, he was asked why a satisfactory beardless barley could not be found.

As anyone knows who has had barley beards in his clothing, they are very brittle and scratchy, readily breaking into tiny pieces, each one capable of mischief. This brittleness is due to the high percentage of silicon or sand in the beards. Now if the beards are removed the silicon continues to be collected by the plant in the absence of the awns or beards, this sand material is left in the straw and particularly in the little stems that attach the kernels. These stems then become so brittle that the grain shatters too easily to be harvested. Thus it seems that the beard serves as an outlet for an element that would otherwise damage the crop.

Of course, there are beardless varieties of barley, but as yet they have not given general satisfaction. It seems that nature intended barley to wear a beard and any attempts to remove it throws the plant out of balance.

Use Canadian Coal

Government Would Provide a Scheme To Relieve Fuel Situation

An important statement was made in the House of Commons recently by Hon. George P. Graham, minister of railways and canals, in the course of the debate on the export of power from Canada. His statement dealt with the dependence of certain parts of Ontario and Quebec upon the imports of coal from the United States. He spoke as follows:

"I am glad to say that our discussions are temperate in this matter. We in Ontario and a portion of Quebec, as much as 40 per cent. depend largely for our coal upon the United States. Our anthracite has all to be brought in from the United States, and year after year when there is a scarcity we send our representatives over there to see that we get a square deal and up to date the United States has given a square deal in giving us our share of anthracite, even though they were pressed very hard on the other side of the line to shut off our supply of anthracite. I might say that I am in hope, and the government are in hope, that before long we may be able to evolve a scheme which will relieve the situation to a large extent so far as anthracite is concerned, by the use of our own coal both in the east and west for the manufacture of coke. If that can be done, we shall be in a different position from what we are today."

Experiment With Cucumbers

Pickle Plant May Be Established In Southern Alberta

Experimental plots have been planted to cucumbers this year by farmers in the Lethbridge northern irrigation district, to determine whether or not this vegetable can be grown successfully and in large enough quantities to justify the establishment of a pickle plant in Taber or in the immediate neighborhood. If the cucumbers can be grown at a profit, Charles Hamel, of Spokane, Washington, plans to seed sixty acres and arrange for the erection of a pickle factory next year.

Pace of Modern Life

Dr. Charles Mayo says the pace of modern life is responsible for many present day ills. No doubt the doctor is right but he fails to tells us how men may succeed and still take things easily. The road to achievement is paved with hard work and unremitting attention to business.—Border Cities Star.

Hospital Cars On Trains

The Japanese Government has decided to install hospital cars on all the trains of the national railways to care for third-class passengers who become sick while on a journey or who are travelling while seriously ill.

Wireless Torpedo Invented

To counteract the pilotless aeroplane, an aerial torpedo has been invented. It is claimed that the torpedo could be made to pursue and destroy the pilotless aeroplane through wireless control.

Hydraulic cement was used in ancient Rome by mixing and baking lime and volcanic ashes.

When a girl is in love she doesn't carry his letters in her pocket.

Growing Frost-Resistant Corn

Michigan Professor Has Been Experimenting For Three Years

Dame Nature fooled again!

This time the grand old lady and her son, Jack Frost, have been outwitted by Professor J. H. Duncan, specialist of the Michigan Agricultural College, who has succeeded in growing frost-resistant corn.

A frost-resistant corn will mean millions of dollars in the pockets of farmers throughout the world. It will be a boon to farmers in our north central states, especially those in districts with climate similar to Upper Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin and North Dakota.

Professor Duncan has been growing frost-resistant corn for the past three years as an experiment.

The new Duncan corn was planted on April 20 last year. In spite of the cold, rainy weather, it appeared above ground within 10 days, and was mature the latter part of August.

All of the corn which Duncan now is experimenting with came originally from two stalks which proved wholly resistant to frost in 1921.

Should Make Thorough Job

Sheep Should Be Examined For Vermin After Clipping

Many sheep farmers wonder why they do not get rid of ticks and similar vermin. If they would take time to examine their sheep shortly after the usual clipping, and look carefully into any little tufts of wool that have not been closely cut, they will find that these evidences of careless work are the refuges of their enemies. An infested flock is all the better for an occasional and thorough dipping during the summer. Care should be observed to have the dipping mixture just right. When the clipping and dipping are well done, and the pens are whitewashed occasionally, there is every reason to look for the extermination of these sheep thieves. In no part of farm work will thoroughness pay quite as well as in giving proper attention to the sheep.

Canada Attracts English Girls

Many Have Sufficient Money to Start Farms of Their Own

Emily Pinder, a graduate of the extension course of Leeds University, is in Winnipeg to begin a year's study of Canadian agricultural methods, with a view to creating, on her return to the British Isles, a movement to *Western Canada of English farm girls.*

Girls on the farms in all parts of England are intensely interested in Canada. They are seeking an outlet for their energies and would migrate to the Dominion in large numbers if only encouraged." Miss Pinder asserted.

Many of these young women, she declared had sufficient funds to start farms of their own and would prove a valuable asset to the development of the western country.

Passes Another Clean Test

Renewal Certificate Received For Herd Of Ayrshires In Quebec

R. R. Ness and Sons, Howick, Que., have recently received a renewal certificate showing their accredited herd has successfully passed its yearly test for tuberculosis. The herd comprises 111 head and purchases and sales have been made continually throughout the year. To be able to maintain a healthy herd under these conditions, coupled with constant visits to show yards in all parts of Canada is a tribute both to the sanitary methods employed by the owner and the efficacy of the tuberculin test.

Canada's Standing Timber

The total standing timber in Canada is estimated to comprise 482,000 million feet board measure of saw material, and 1,280 million cords of pulpwood, fuel wood, posts, etc., a total of 246,826 million cubic feet. Of this, 108,946 million cubic feet is in the eastern provinces, 56,423 million in the prairie provinces, and 81,657 million in British Columbia; but British Columbia has 70 per cent. of the saw material in the Dominion.

A Delusion

Customer.—The steak you serve seems smaller than the kind you gave last year.

Waiter.—Merely a delusion, sir. We have enlarged the place since last year.

Remarkable results are claimed for a new glass recently tested in London. This allows the health-giving ultra-violet rays of sunlight to pass, so that patients may derive the full benefit of sunshine treatment without going out of doors.

Messages can be transmitted at the rate of 250 words a minute in each direction at the same time over the new trans-Atlantic cable between New York and Rome.

Homesteading Is Still A Very Important Phase Of Western Land Settlement

That homesteading is still an important phase of Canadian land settlement and that the day of the acquisition of free western land is by no means over, though lying farther and farther from existing railway lines each year, is made evident in the last report of the federal department of the interior. This shows that in the last fiscal year a total of 3,843 homestead entries were made in Western Canada, 1,699 being in Saskatchewan, 1,326 in Alberta, 632 in Manitoba and 186 in British Columbia. A homestead consists of a quarter section of 160 acres of land, so that this method of land acquisition alone in the past year resulted in the settlement on 614,509 acres. To this should be added soldier homestead grants which made an additional 112,600 acres, bringing the total settlement upon free government land in Western Canada up to 728,480 acres. This is not a bad showing in view of the state of immigration in that year and the reputed apathy towards land settlement.

It is gratifying to find that the English-speaking races continue to preserve their majority in Western Canadian land settlement. Though nearly thirty nationalities are represented in these homestead filings last year, Canadians led with 1,277 entries, followed by citizens of the United States with 632 and then those from the British Isles with 576. These three classes accounted for nearly 70 per cent. of the total registrations. More than four hundred of the British settlers were English and more than one hundred Scottish, whilst the leading states in the forty-two represented were Minneapolis, North Dakota, Iowa, Illinois, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

Homesteading has unquestionably been a great factor in the settlement of the great agricultural tracts of Western Canada, the extent of government land so occupied to date being 54,000,000 acres. Following this has been the settlement upon western lands effected by the Canadian Pacific Railway, which has accounted for another approximately 30,000,000 acres.

That homesteading continues to be a factor in western land settlement is evident from the observation in the *department's report that in the last* *year seven million acres were* *nine townships were made available* *for homestead entry, fifteen in* *Manitoba, ten in Saskatchewan, and* *nineteen in Alberta.*

Land settlement in Western Canada is more systematized and regulated today than it has ever been, a situation forced on the country by steadily increasing settlement. In addition, new homestead districts are being made available by survey each year.

When Horses Should Have Special Care

Harvest Season Unusually Hard On Neck and Shoulders

Horses will soon be on the mowing machines, and later will be doing their share on the self-binders. Perhaps no work that the horses are called upon to do is harder on the necks and shoulders than these very operations. On this account, every precaution should be taken to keep these parts of the animals in prime condition.

The first essential is the well-fitting collar. Next, after the well-fitting collar, comes the clean collar. The collar should be neat-fitting to every part of the shoulder, so that there is no rubbing or chafing. Where there is a really good collar-maker available, he should be consulted, as skilled vision and skilled fingers can save no end of suffering and loss. When the horse has finished his turn at the mowing machine, he should have his shoulders washed out and thoroughly dried. A little salt (at the rate, say, of a tablespoonful to a pint) should be added to the water. The shoulder should be thoroughly dried after the washing. If the shoulder should have the skin broken, there is but the one humane procedure, and that is to cleanse the broken flesh and to allow it to heal. The aim throughout is to keep the skin healthy and free from inflaming, owing to undue or uneven pressure.

The matter of the proper fitting of the collar should be looked after at least daily, as horses' necks change in size with working or with change of work, according to the pressure or the change of motion applied to the collar. An ounce of precaution in collar trouble is worth several tons of cure.

Origin of the Turkey

Domestic Breed Originated From the Common American Wild Turkey

It is generally supposed, says the poultry husbandman of the Dominion experimental farms, in his bulletin on the care and management of turkeys, that our domestic turkey originated *from the common American wild tur-* *key, which was the largest of the wild* *turkeys of Europe. Others claim* that the bronze variety, which is the most popular in Canada, came from the Mexican turkey because of its brilliancy of color and white markings on tail and tail coverts. It cannot be denied, adds Mr. A. G. Taylor, the poultry husbandman, that there has been considerable infusion of blood of the American wild turkey due to crossing of wild toms with domestic hen turkeys. There are more than half a dozen breeds of the birds, the principal of which are the Bronze, White Holland and Narragansett. Other breeds are Black, Slate and Bourbon Red. Standard weights of the adult cock are: Bronze 36 lb., White Holland 28 lb., Narragansett and Bourbon Red each 30 lb., Black and Slate each 27 lbs. and of the beautiful Bronze 20 lb. White Holland, Narragansett, Black, Slate and Bourbon Red each 18 lb. Mr. Taylor is also authority for the statement that there is little difference in the hardiness of the breeds and that the flesh of all turkeys is very similar both in texture and flavor.

Hog Feeding Experiment

Self-Fed and Trough-Fed Hogs Are Compared

In feeding experiments with Berkshire hogs, conducted at the central experimental farm, tests have been made of the relative merits of self-feeding and trough-feeding. According to the report of the Dominion animal husbandman for 1924, in these tests the self-fed hogs made the greatest gains, but they consumed more feed and cost more per pound of gain. They were thicker and heavier at the shoulders than the trough-fed lots, but the latter produced a more desirable type of bacon carcass.

Was Playing Safe

Little Bobby was interested in carpentry and into everything he came across he wanted to knock nails.

One morning his father heard sounds of hammering coming from the garden, and on looking out he saw Bobby busily at work on his favorite pastime. Beside him was his little sister, Mary, apparently looking on.

Out came father.

"Haven't I told you, Bobby, that you will smash your fingers if you keep on driving nails into things?" he asked.

"Yes, I know," said the sage youngster; "but Mary's holding the nail."

Round Up Valuable Animals

Many Horses and Cattle Are Impounded in Saskatchewan

Hundreds of horses and cattle have been impounded in Saskatchewan, including a number of valuable Clydesdales and Percherons.

This is the season of the year when poundkeepers are busy. Advertisements under the Stray Animals Act in the Gazette have multiplied ten-fold, nearly a thousand animals being advertised as impounded. Agricultural experts attribute the increase at this season to the fact that with the crops above the ground there is a general disposition on the part of the rural population to see that stray animals are rounded up out of harm's way where they will do no damage to the growing crops.

The Forbearing Scot

Englishmen, after their experience of Ireland in the last two decades, cannot help liking Scotsmen for certain negative virtues. It is not too often the Scots have looked upon No. 10 Downing Street, the two Archbishoprics, the City of London, and a considerable portion of Fleet Street as more or less national perquisites, but on the other hand they have refrained from assassination and civil war and have preferred an empire and brotherly co-operation to a parish and a gospel of murder and hate.—London Morning Post.

Should Not Be Strange

The Anglican Bishop of Quebec says Cardinal Begin calls on him every year and he calls on the cardinal, and relations are courteous and friendly. The significance of such a statement is that it is regarded by some newspapers as a fine example to other provinces. A resident of Mars might think that after 2,000 years of Christianity it might be taken for granted that two distinguished followers of its founder could meet occasionally and maintain friendly and courteous relations.—Chatham News.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

A special squad of motorcycle riders is maintained by the Chicago Motor Club to rid the streets of glass.

June 21, was the 176th birthday of the City of Halifax. The event was observed June 22 by a civic and business holiday.

The Japanese Government has granted a subsidy o fabout $250,000 to a school which will train Boy Scout leaders.

More than 500 British-born citizens have applied from Victoria, B.C., for admission to the United States during the fiscal year beginning July 1.

There are 472 persons employed in the various penitentiaries in Canada. It was stated in the House of Commons in answer to a question.

Germany's oldest public school teacher, who kept up his work until a short time before his death, died suddenly at the age of 103.

The Government of Mexico is prepared to spend $50,000 a month to fight locusts in Vera Cruz, Oaxaca and Chippapas, where the plague threatens to destroy the entire crop.

Official recount of the vote of Vancouver City ratepayers on annexation of South Vancouver, resulted in the majority against the proposal being increased from 109 to 116.

Twenty-five years ago a packet of sweet pea seeds were sent to a man at Sydney, Australia. This year the seeds were planted and are growing rapidly.

Ikalukpiak, Copper Eskimo, is being returned to his native home at Coronation Gulf, under Constable Chitty, of the R.C.M.P., after serving a commuted term at Stony Mountain penitentiary for manslaughter.

The Labor members of the House of Commons have passed a resolution condemning the proposed security pact with France as not being calculated to secure Franco-German conciliation.

A bundle of appeals, proclamations and handbills, sent by aeroplane in the hope of enlisting German sympathy for the movement in China, were received by the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung from Peking University students.

For Tubercular Veterans

Consider Colony Scheme For Patients As Carried On In England

The Canadian Government is considering the sheltered employment and colony scheme for tubercular patients which is being successfully used in England, declared Major N. F. Parkinson, deputy minister of soldiers' civil re-establishment, at the opening session of the annual convention of the Tubercular Veterans' Association at Ottawa.

Major Parkinson said the government first wanted the assurance that the veterans, if so placed, would stay with the colonies, and not become dissatisfied. He went into the details of the scheme, describing how, in England, patients were put into a group or colony, provided with shelter of a healthy nature, and provided with occupations such as sick men engage in.

Golf In Far North

Game Played By Mounted Police 500 Miles North of Edmonton

Golf has at last penetrated into the North West Territories, as Inspectors Fraser and Fletcher, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Fort Smith, 500 miles north of Edmonton, have established a four-hole course, where they practice the royal and ancient game.

When Inspector Fletcher arrived in Edmonton recently, he brought with him orders for several new golf clubs and a whole host of balls, as other ranks and members of the post have become imbued with the example set by their superiors.

Most of the play has to take place between the trees, but that appears to be no hardship to the Mounties.

Peter the Hermit

The bones of Peter the Hermit, one of the leading preachers of the first crusade, are reported to have been found at Huy, while the ground covering an ancient cloister was being levelled. Peter the Hermit, also called Peter of Amiens, was born about 1050 and died at Huy, Belgium, on July 11, 1115. He led the advance of the first crusade as far as Asia Minor in 1096.

Learning Western Ways

The Japanese are fast learning western ways. Several persons have been charged with fraud in an attempt to sell stock in a company which claimed to have a secret process for making silk from straw.

Talking Films

First Display Is Now Being Made In Great Britain

Talking films are the latest attraction promised at the new Wembley exhibition. This is the first presentation of such films in Britain.

They are being shown in one of the conference halls, where they are being presented by Mr. R. B. Salisbury, in association with Messrs. de Forest Phonofilms, an all-British company, which owns all the British rights for the making of talking motion pictures. These pictures are made at the studio of the de Forest Company at Clapham.

The picture and the sound being recorded simultaneously are absolutely synchronized.

The future of the Phonofilm today is similar to that which faced the new art of the silent picture when it was first realized that in order to fulfil its mission as a "means of entertainment and education, it must not follow blindly the path of the legitimate drama. An entirely new form of screen drama can now be worked out, taking advantage of the possibilities of introducing music and voice and appropriate acoustic effects.

It may be that soon printed titles will absolutely disappear and be replaced by a pleasantvoiced speaker announcing the next item. In the realms of comedy, news items, scenic effects, educational films, interviews with notable men, and in many other directions the future of the Phonofilm holds unlimited possibilities.

Proposed New Flag

Likely That Nothing Will Be Done This Year in the Matter

Nothing will be done this year about the proposed new Canadian flag. Following the appointment recently of a committee of government officials to consider designs for a national flag and submit recommendations to the government, criticism has been made on the ground that parliament should have first discussed the matter and decided what should be done. Premier King informed the house that in view of this an order-in-council had been passed cancelling the instructions to the committee of officials and the committee is discharged.

It is not likely that the matter will come up in the House of Commons this session.

Port Of Vancouver

World Wide Trade Being Established At This Pacific Port

The crowning importance of Vancouver port in International trade, is evidenced by the report recently completed by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange showing the distribution of trade during 1923, which was as follows: United Kingdom, $20,600,000 worth of general cargo and lumber; Japan, $20,900,000; China, $13,645,000; United States, $13,122,000; Australia and New Zealand, $9,650,000; Mexico, $3,535,000; France, $2,100,000; Belgium, $1,325,000; and to British Columbia points, $42,200,000. These figures are only for the more important markets and are for exports only.

A Wonderful Instrumnet

London Scientists See Machine That Will Record Breathing of a Fly

A large blue-bottle fly was the centre of attraction at an assembly of members of the Royal Society, in London, who witnessed the working of an instrument called the Shakespeare katharometer, with which it was possible to measure the fly's respiration. It is claimed that the katharometer can measure also the breathing of a plant, find the water vapor in the air and detect the most minute leakages of gas in the envelopes of balloons and airships. Tests are to be made to determine its value in medical research.

Expects Big Crop

"The prairie wheat crop is off to the best start it has ever been since I have known anything about it, and that has been a good many years," declared Andrew Kelly, of the Western Canada Flour Mills. "Barring accident, we are in for what looks to me like the greatest crop in the history of Western Canada."

Amend Dairy Industry Act

A bill to amend the Dairy Industry Act, providing heavier penalties for infraction of the act, and eliminating weakness that have become apparent during its administration, was approved by a special committee of the senate on agriculture and forestry without amendment.

Cold Storage Plant For Edmonton

Plans for a modern cold storage and creamery plant at Edmonton, involving an expenditure of possibly $100,000, inclusive of equipment, are being made by the P. Burns Company. When the factory is completed, it will be possible to handle nine refrigerator cars of butter daily.

CLIPSE FASHIONS

Exclusive Patterns by Hazel Dayne

1032

A Junior Party-frock

Each season the styles for children grow more fascinating. Designs and materials are chosen as thoughtfully as for grown-ups; and while the designs are more and more simple, they have gained in charm and individuality. Every little girl loves a party-frock, and No. 1032, of the French voile, which comes in the most adorable colorings, and looks as light and filmy as chiffon, is sure to please her. The frock illustrated is a two-piece dress closing at the centre back, with short kimono sleeves tucked and seamed on shoulders, and three slightly circular flounces. It may have square or bateau neck, and is trimmed with lace edging or insertion. The pattern is cut in sizes 8 to 14 years, the 12-year size requiring 3¾ yards of 36-inch material and 2¾ yards of 5-inch ribbon for sash.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.....Size.....

.....

.....

Name.....

Town.....

Province.....

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Extend Time For Pensions Application

Amendment Was Approved By Special Committee of Senate

An amendment to the Pensions Act, extending the time for the filing of applications for pensions to within seven years after the date of the former soldier's discharge for retirement from the forces, has been approved by a special committee of the senate, considering the pensions and canteen fund bills, and conducting an inquiry into an accounting of monies advanced to the Great War Veterans' Association. Under the existing regulations, the time for making applications for pensions expired on August 31, 1924.

Canada's First Geologist

Late Sir William Logan to Receive Signal Honor

Sir William Logan, Canada's first great geologist, is likely to receive signal honor in New York and London, fifty years after his death, as the result of resolutions passed at Toronto by the local branch of the Canadian Institute of mining and metallurgy. The resolution asks that a duplicate be made of the fine portrait in Toronto and hung in the Canada House, London, the new office of the Canadian Government, opened by the King on June 29. Another copy of the portrait is to be made and hung in New York by the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

High Quality Wheat

Ninety-five per cent. of Canada's wheat crop in 1924 has proved to be of merchantable quality according to figures compiled by the Dominion bureau of statistics. Of the total estimated crop of last year, viz. 262,097,000 bushels, 250,096,000 bushels came up to the standard as compared with 454,804,000 bushels, or 96 per cent. of the 1923 crop of 474,199,000 bushels.

Tell the wife you were where you were not so she will think you were not where you were.

Old Age Pensions

Expense Considered Too Heavy To Inaugurate Plan At Present Time

The report of the special committee on old age pensions, tabled in the House of Commons by the chairman, W. G. Raymond, M.P., recommends "that the government arrange with the premiers of the different provinces for a conference, to be held during the coming recess of parliament, at which an old age pensions system shall be given the fullest consideration with a view to securing co-operative action, and that the report of the said conference be laid on the table at the next session of parliament for future consideration and action."

After pointing out the views expressed in communications from the various provincial governments, the report makes reference to the opinion of the federal department of justice to the effect that the matter of old age pensions is one coming under the jurisdiction of the provinces, although open to assistance from the Federal Government.

The chief conclusions arrived at by the committee, on which the recommendation for the holding of a conference is based, mainly, include:

"First—That, if the Dominion Government were to proceed now with a scheme of old age pensions, it would have to be prepared to bear the entire expense, which would amount approximately to $23,000,000 annually, according to the data obtained in your committee's investigations.

"Second—That in view of the present financial conditions and heavy taxation of Canada, your committee would not feel warranted at the present moment in recommending such a large expenditure annually.

"Third—That this measure of social reform, in the opinion of your committee, is very important."

Rural Credits

Bill to Provide For Ten Million Dollars to Assist Agriculture

Hon. J. A. Robb, acting minister of finance, is bringing down a bill to provide for advances of not more than $10,000,000 to the provinces for rural credits.

The bill will provide:

1—That the governor-in-council may authorize advances to anyone, one or more, of the provincial governments for the purpose of assisting agriculture by enabling the provinces to make long term loans to farmers.

2—That such advances shall be secured by bonds and delivery to the Dominion of bonds of the provinces.

3—That the aggregate of advances to be made by the Dominion shall not exceed $10,000,000.

What Amundsen Discovered

Some Secrets of North Polar Cap Have Been Revealed

Half the shroud of ignorance which has hidden the secrets of the North Polar cap of the world has been ripped away by the knowledge brought back to civilization by Captain Roald Amundsen and his party of Arctic explorers. Half the polar zone now has been explored.

The greatest fact revealed so far is the absence of land in the polar basin, north of Norway. This vast area is a waste of sea and ice. If there is a new continent awaiting discovery in the northland it lies on the Canadian and Siberian slopes of the crown of the world.

Cost Of Administration

Expenditures on Rupert's Land and N.W. Territories Since 1870

Expenditures, including immigration, by the Federal Government on administration and development of Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territories total $122,758,806 since these territories were united to Canada under imperial order in council in 1870.

A return to the order of the House of Commons shows also that receipts from sales of land in these territories total $28,780,250 and from other revenues $32,251,288.

A Democratic Country

Surely Britain is the really democratic country. One of the most popular and respected of marchionesses spent part of her childhood in the workhouse; another, noted for her queenly beauty, at one time served in a shop.

Offers Mipte Ranch

The Earl of Minto is offering for sale, through his London agents, his ranch in Alberta, adjoining the "P.P." ranch, owned by the Prince of Wales. It is stated that the Minto ranch provides capital shooting and fishing.

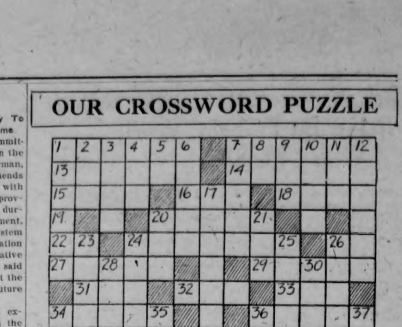
Proof Positive

"Mary is keeping her engagement a secret."

"How do you know?"

"She told me."

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal

1—A building or room for social meetings.
7—Pertaining to penalties.
13—Public notices.
14—Make loose.
15—A cutting tool.
16—Girl's name.
18—The tea plant.
20—River of France
22—And (Latin).
24—A snake.
26—Man's name (abbr.).
27—A wooden slice.
29—Thinks.
31—Cot.
32—Enclosure for swine.
33—Era.
34—Pure.
36—Sarcasm.
38—Pronoun.
39—Commits perjury.
42—Act.
44—Points of a fork.
46—A flower.
48—Urge.
50—Leaping amphibian.
52—Fix.
54—To punish by assessment.
56—An inferior kind of wheat (pl.).
57—Conductor.

Vertical

1—Stops.
2—Sup up.
3—Magnitude.
4—Congealed water.
5—New Testament (abbr.).
6—Willow.
7—Level.
8—Ex officio (abbr.).
9—Negative.
10—Pale.
11—Shelter.
12—Complicates.
17—A union of two vowels forming a compound sound pronounced in one syllable.
20—Regular.
21—Finish.
23—A smooth flat surface.
24—Soft carbonated drinks.
25—Lacerates.
26—Repair.
28—Insect.
30—Self.
34—A seat of authority (pl.).
35—Track worn by a wheel.
36—Insurance (abbr.).
37—Over there.
40—Coffins.
41—Stately.
43—A tubular wind instrument of wood.
45—A string.
47—A ribbed fabric.
48—Sail.
50—Beverage.
51—One.
53—Pronoun.
55—Pronoun.

Erect Main Wireless Station At Aklavik

Work In Northern Territory Will Be Done This Summer

It has been decided to establish the most northerly main station of the Northwest Territories and Yukon wireless system at Aklavik in the Mackenzie River delta. Aklavik is more than 2,000 miles north of Edmonton by the regular travelled routes and is the terminal of the Mackenzie River navigation and the northern winter mail service. Accessible to the inhabitants of the Arctic coast in summer and winter, it has become the centre of the fur trade from Coronation Gulf to the Alaskan boundary.

The Royal Canadian Corps of Signals in co-operation with the Northwest Territories and Yukon branch of the department of the interior will establish the station this summer. As Herschel Island is the customs and immigration port for ocean vessels coming from Alaska, a sub-station will be installed there and operated during the season of open navigation.

Luxuries In Wilderness

Whites At Fort Simpson Welcome First Provision Boat

A wireless dispatch from Fort Simpson, in the Canadian sub-Arctic, tells how the white population of that far northwest post threw away their can openers after a winter of bacon and beans, and stormed the first egg boat of the season. Great crates full of eggs were reduced to empty shells in an hour. The population were trying them with one hand and eating them with the other, says the correspondent. Oranges and cigarettes, luxuries almost forgotten by the fifty-two souls who live 1,000 miles northwest of Calgary, were demolished with almost equal celerity and it was an empty scow that rode at the Simpson Landing on the Mackenzie River, a few hours after its arrival.

Abbreviated Garb Is Healthy

In view of the low-cut neck effect, short skirts and spider web stockings, which are now the mode, girls have a better chance for health than boys who usually wear too much clothing, in the opinion of Dr. Leonard Hill, of the National Institute of Medical Research. This is because these fads of the women and girls permit more of the ultra violet rays to enter their bodies, the doctor declares.

Want Australian Governors

It has been definitely decided by the premiers of four of the Australian states or provinces, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia and Western Australia, to approach the British Government with a request that in future the governors of the Australian states shall be Australians.

In the jungles of the island of Sumatra lives a spider measuring over eight inches across the back and seventeen inches with legs spread out.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

D	E	B	A	T	E	D	S	T	O	L	O	N
A	D	D	A	N	E	O	R	G	Y	A	T	
P	E	R	O	U	T	R	A	G	E	R	S	
O	P	P	E	D	G	R	E	E	C	E		
E	R	A	S	R	I	T	E	S	S	N	O	W
R	A	T	E	S	L	A	D	P	A	D	R	E
S	E	E	D	S	B	O	D	E	E	N	D	
S	H	A	R	O	L	C	O	N	E	N		
C	A	N	D	O	R	Y	C	A	N	T	S	
O	N	I	O	N	D	I	L	L	A	U	G	H
C	U	T	T	E	R	A	M	P	H	I	R	E
A	N	Y	T	E	L	A	H	A	S	E	E	L
I	C	O	V	E	N	A	N	T	S	E	A	L
N	O	N	O	B	L	E	M	A	N			

A British Opinion

London Times Editorially Lauds Consummation of Church Union in Canada

"News that the moderator has been elected by the new United Church of Canada," declares the London Times editorially, "will be welcome to that large body of English men and women who are weary of the continual feuds of Christian bodies and bitterly regret the consequent diversion of valuable energy away from problems that matter to controversies that are secondary." The United Church of Canada made an appeal to the imagination that is lacking in any merely co-operative scheme.

"Really to have transcended denominational creeds is an achievement of high order, and one without parallel. It is not surprising that the 700,000 persons who will compose membership of the new church felt it was a cause worth sacrifice and effort. Their idealism should be rewarded by increasing support and service and it may be hoped that the day is not distant when the new body will be further extended so as to include not only those Presbyterians who at present remain outside, but also the Anglican Church of Canada."

Memorial Window Unveiled

Names Of 43 Canadian Women On Scroll In York Minster

The Five Sisters' Window in York Minster was unveiled by H.R.H. Duchess of York on June 24. This is the Women's National Memorial to all the "Sisters" of the Empire who laid down their lives in the Great War. The names of forty-three Canadians are on the scroll. The name of all the women who died as a result of their services will be inscribed on an oak screen adjacent to the window. One of the panels will contain the names of the members of the Canadian Nursing Sisters with their badge emblazoned thereon. This Memorial Screen will be historical as showing the various ways in which women helped the Empire.

Short

The Young Man.—Have you sufficient confidence in me to lend me a dollar?

Friend.—Oh, yes, I've all the confidence, but I haven't the dollar.

LIBERALS ARE DEFEATED IN NOVA SCOTIA

Halifax.—Nova Scotia rejected the Liberal Government which has been in power for the past 43 years, and decided, with unmistakable emphasis, to afford the Conservative party, under Hon. E. N. Rhodes, an opportunity of administering her affairs. Indications were that the final count would show 40 Conservatives elected, as against a Liberal opposition of three. Premier E. H. Armstrong and all his ministers, save Hon. Wm. Chisholm, minister of mines, were defeated, the attorney-general, Hon. W. J. O'Hearn, trailing the Conservative ticket in Halifax.

Unprecedented majorities were recorded in many of the constituencies, and it was estimated that the popular vote would run five to three in favor of the Conservatives for the province as a whole.

It was the most overwhelming victory achieved by a political party in the history of provincial elections since the Conservatives were routed in 1867 on the repeal issue, immediately following confederation.

Agreement Reached On Home Bank Bill

Senate Willing to Accept Alterations Made By Conference

Ottawa.—The managers appointed by the senate to confer with the commons in respect to amendments in the Home Bank reimbursement bill recommended to the Upper House that the senate do not insist on the preamble to the bill which made the grant to depositors one of compassion. The only other change made in the bill, as amended by the senate, was to add the phrase "or in straightened circumstances" to the clause which would require depositors having more than $500 in the bank at the time of the failure to prove special need.

The report was adopted by the senate, and a message sent to the commons stating the willingness of the senate to accept the bill as altered by the conference.

Religious, charitable, labor and all organizations, as well as provincial governments, municipalities, members of the Federal Parliament and senators, are exempt from the benefits of the bill.

Believe Japan Is Preparing For War

May Enter Conflict Against Chinese Says London Paper

Dispatches from Bombay to the Daily Mail and the Daily Telegraph assert that the belief prevails in Bombay that Japan is preparing for war with China. The belief is based mainly on the unusual dealings in the cotton market. Japanese exporters, it is asserted, are buying cotton very extensively, and the stocks, which were plentiful a month ago, consequently are dwindling.

The fact that Japan is reported, also, as making large purchases in the United States, strengthens the belief of her warlike intentions, while a further statement that Japan is steadily buying manganese is held to show that she contemplates the manufacture of considerable munitions.

Has Had Successful Year

Reports Show Weekly Press Association Made Good Progress

Winnipeg.—The accomplishments, activities and financial affairs of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers' Association for the past year, were fully dealt with at the opening of the organization's fifth annual convention here, and in all reports submitted, good progress was recorded. Four hundred delegates, representing all parts of the Dominion, as well as Newfoundland, were welcomed to the city by Mayor Ralph H. Webb, and the session was presided over by Lorne A. Eddy, of The Telescope, Walkerton, Ont., president.

Charged With Anti-Red Plot

Moscow.—Charged with plotting against the lives of Leon Trotzky, M. Stalin, and other Bolshevik leaders, three Germans, Dr. Karl Kindermann, Max Von Ditmar and Theodore Volscht have been placed on trial.

Paderewski Honored

London. — King George conferred on Ignace Jan Paderewski, Polish pianist, the order of Knight Grand Cross of the British Empire, at a private audience.

W. N. U. 1583

Wheat Prices Hinge On Canada's Surplus

Chicago.—The world's price level for wheat will be determined largely by the amount of wheat Canada will have available for export this year in the opinion of S. C. Harris, a prominent member of the Chicago board of trade. "We believe that the Canadian situation will have the largest single influence in the world price of wheat," Mr. Harris declared. "We feel that domestic prices will hinge to a great extent upon the spring out-turn. Accordingly, we think it logical to state that we are in a period of doubt until these crops are made." Early reports from the Canadian northwest indicate a larger crop than last year, but not so large as that of 1923. The United States crop will be below that of last year.

Saskatchewan Livestock Pool

Investigating Committee Hold Meeting in Winnipeg For Interchange Of Information

Winnipeg.—The Saskatchewan livestock pool investigation committee met the stockyards interests at a meeting here, at which an interchange of information took place.

W. Waldron, Regina, secretary of the committee; R. A. Wright, Drinkwater, representing Saskatchewan livestock board; E. Evans, of the Moose Jaw stockyards; and Hon. George Langley, chairman of the committee, attended the meeting, which was held at the livestock exchange.

J. C. Staples, president of the livestock exchange, expressed the opinion that no great harm was done by packers who bought in the country as well as the open market, although harm might result if this was carried to an extreme. He complained that a glut on the market might last two or three days and that he knew of no way to prevent this. Wiring the farmers not to ship had no effect, as they shipped anyway. J. C. Doban, of the pool, corroborated this statement later. Mr. Doban expressed the opinion that the pool served the farmer better than the commission man. He pointed out that the profits lay in sorting the loads which always sold better than the separate animal, and in choosing the right market for each type.

Will Evacuate Ruhr August Sixteenth

Withdrawal of Franco-Belgian Troops Will Be Speeded Up

Paris.—The Franco-Belgian armies and technicians will evacuate the Ruhr by August 16. The French cabinet approved the plan which will complete the withdrawal by that date, just one year after the London agreement whereby the Dawes plan and evacuation were determined upon.

Gradual withdrawal of Franco-Belgian troops has been in progress for months, and this process will be accelerated to clear the Ruhr within the specified time.

Prince Inspects School Children

Johannesburg.—The greatest gathering of school children ever brought together in South Africa was reviewed by the Prince of Wales. It is estimated that the children numbered 35,000. It took the Prince a good half hour of hard walking in and out of the lines of the children to inspect them.

In spite of the great strain, the Prince is maintaining perfect health. After the inspection of the school children he visited the Turggenteim race course.

Arabs Want Supervision By League

Geneva.—Reports have reached Geneva that a strong movement is taking place at Tangier to place the city under supervision of the League of Nations, somewhat similarly to Danzig. The thousands of residents, chiefly Arabs, are signing a petition to that end, as they are not satisfied with the operation of the existing international regime.

Britishers In China Warned

Hong Kong.—Britishers employed on the Canton-Kowloon Railway, arriving here said they had been warned privately by Chinese friends to seek safety, because "the Chinese are determined to kill one foreigner for every Chinese."

Had Lean Year

Washington.—The marriage license clerks and parsons in four American counties had a very lean year in 1923, the census bureau reports. In Grant county, Kansas, Muno county, California, Dolores county, Colorado and Owyhee county, Idaho, not one marriage license was issued.

Clears Up Mystery

Discover Remains of Members of Stefansson Polar Expedition

New York.—Another mystery of the Polar region was solved when H. A. Snow, big game hunter and explorer, just returned from a two years photographic exploration of the Arctic regions, announced the discovery of the remains of missing members of Viljalmur Stefansson's North Pole expedition in 1914, on Herald Island.

Snow's discovery clears up the eleven-year-old mystery of the fate of the five members of the crew, one of the two parties in which the expedition was divided, who quit the ice-locked and sinking Karluk and started back to civilization.

The first party, led by Stefansson, completed the long trek after terrific hardships. The other party, led by the ship's doctor, was never heard from, and relief expeditions found no trace of it.

Snow declared he came upon the remains while taking pictures on Herald Island, which is about sixty-five miles from the spot where the Karluk was lost. He believes the entire party perished of exposure and starvation.

Stop Traffic In Titles

Move In Britain To End Titular Honors In Return For Money

London.—The long promised government bill, making it an illegal offence to obtain titular honors in return for money payments, was introduced in the House of Commons by the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Privy Seal.

The question of trafficking in titles came up in the House of Lords early in May, when the Marquis of Salisbury, in answer to a question which had been raised by the Earl of Selborne, said the government proposed to introduce a bill this year with the object of making an attempt to render traffic in honors illegal, but he feared the time for the passage of the bill through the House of Commons could not be found this season.

VETERANS READY TO FORM BRITISH LEGION IN CANADA

Ottawa.—An organization of veterans of the Great War, to be known as the British Legion in Canada, is expected to grow out of the action of the Great War Veterans' Association, which, in annual convention here, unanimously adopted a resolution, placing its assets, totalling approximately $8,000,000, and membership of about 80,000 at the disposal of Field Marshal Earl Haig, in accordance with the expressed wishes of the former commander of the British armies in France for complete unity among Canadian ex-service men.

While the identity of the G.W.V.A., which has been the senior ex-soldiers' organization in existence since the armistice, would be submerged by the proposed formation of a legion of all war veterans' organizations, the guarantee is asked that in the event of Earl Haig concurring in the proposal, the ideal of the G.W.V.A. be preserved, that the organization will not be allowed to disintegrate during the transition period, which is not to exceed one year, and that the adjustment bureau of veterans be not impaired.

Aristocratic Four-footed Immigrant

This highly bred Spaniel dog was raised by the Duke of Hamilton and is valued at $700. He is the winner of many prizes and was despatched from Glasgow by the Dominion Express Company on the Canadian Pacific Liner, "Metagama" to Canada. He is going to a well-known sporting gentleman of Winnipeg and looks as though he will not leave many chances for prizes in the dog shows of the west. However high his breeding he is evidently not too proud to be of assistance to fellow-immigrants and is here seen carrying a useful bit of information in the form of a placard as to money orders.

LABOR TROUBLES ARE PENDING NOW IN BRITAIN

London.—The prolonged trade depression and consequent steadily mounting unemployment in Great Britain, which have long been subjects of grave comment, now have reached a point where a crisis is foreseen.

The Laborites mostly put the blame on the government, which they accuse of doing nothing; the employers cite high wages, and short hours, as among the chief causes of the trouble, while the government ministers seem to adhere to the view that they can only undertake active interference, at the request of both the employers and workers.

The situation came to a head with the closing of a joint inquiry by the operators and miners' representatives into the position of the coal industry, which has been one of the worst sufferers from the depression. The owners announced they would give formal notice of their intention to terminate the present wage agreement at the end of July, and also demanding resumption of the eight-hour working day, instead of the seven hours now legal for miners.

Want Action On Coal Rate

Ontario Aroused Over Cancellation of Reduced Rate on Special Shipments

Toronto.—Cancellation by the Canadian National Railways of all the arrangements by which Ontario was to have received a 25,000-ton experimental shipment of Alberta coal has aroused not only the Ontario Government, but civic and trades organizations as well, to such an extent that demand was made upon the government that they support the appearance of a deputation before Sir Henry Thornton in Montreal.

Following the appearance before the Ontario Court of James Walsh, of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association; H. B. Cfemes, general manager of the U.F.O.; and Thomas Marshall, of the board of trade, and numerous others, Hon. George S. Henry, acting premier, dispatched the following wire to the C.N.R. president:

"Large deputation of Ontario representing the government of the province and the various interests, desire interview with you regarding movement of Alberta coal for distribution in this province. Pleased to have date arranged as soon as possible."

Shameen In State Of Siege

Canton Foreign Settlement Is Now Prepared For Emergencies

Canton.—Shameen, the artificial island which is the Canton foreign settlement, is in a state of siege.

Two gunboats, one British and one French, hold commanding positions in the creek separating Shameen from the city. All approaches to the island were fortified with piled-up sandbags and machine guns, testifying to the preparedness of the foreign forces for emergencies.

Motor Bus Causes Strike

Shanghai.—The advent of the motor bus in China has caused a strike of 4,000 rikshа men in Nanking. They are protesting the starting of a bus service by the city and have attempted to block traffic by placing obstacles in the streets.

Amundsen Still Hopes To Fly Over Pole

King's Bay, Spitzbergen.—Roald Amundsen and the other members of the expedition which recently made an ineffectual attempt to reach the North Pole by aeroplane from Spitzbergen, have returned to Oslo, Norway. They took with them the seaplane which brought them back from the Arctic Circle to Spitzbergen. Amundsen told the Associated Press that he believed land exists near the North Pole on the Canadian side. He looks upon the expedition just ended as experimental, his dream for years having been to make a flight over the pole, landing in Alaska. For this project he had now gathered much additional and valuable knowledge.

Medical Men Meet

Fifty-sixth Annual Meeting of Canadian Medical Association At Regina

Regina.—With addresses of welcome from Hon. J. M. Uhrich, representing Saskatchewan, and from Mayor Mason on behalf of the City of Regina, and with greetings from official representatives of the British, China, Newfoundland and American Medical Associations, the fifty-sixth annual meeting of the Canadian Medical Association was officially opened in the Normal School here.

In attendance were about three hundred delegates from every province in the Dominion, from the Far East, the United States and from the British Isles, representing every branch of the profession.

This meeting of professional men from so many parts of the world, said Mr. Uhrich, would be instrumental in bringing about better understanding of the problems to be faced by all. The visitors, he said, were assured of a royal welcome on the part of the province of Saskatchewan.

A similar enthusiastic welcome was extended to the delegates by Mayor Mason, who spoke for the City of Regina.

Amend Temperance Act

Bill to Amend Canada Temperance Act Goes to the Senate

Ottawa.—The bill to amend the Canada Temperance Act has passed all stages of the House of Commons. It now goes to the senate.

The bill chiefly affects the province of British Columbia and will give that province the right to prohibit importation of liquor into the province except for medicinal, sacramental and industrial purposes.

When the bill came up, considerable opposition developed from the Conservative benches. Brig.-Gen. J. A. Clark, Burrard, B.C., and George Black, of the Yukon, objected that the bill was aimed chiefly at private citizens and not at export houses.

A. W. Neill, Independent, Comox-Alberni, gave hearty support to the bill. He said the liquor was being brought into British Columbia, ostensibly for export, and no excise was paid. It was shipped a few miles out to sea, smuggled back and bootleggers sold on a large scale in the province, at prices which the provincial liquor commission could not compete with.

Security Discussions

Premiers of German Federated States To Talk Matter Over

Berlin.—While numerous government departments have been studying the French reply to the German security pact proposal, active political discussion will not begin until the premiers of the Federated German States have been summoned to meet here.

Legal authorities, who have gone over the French note, find one of the greatest obstacles in the question of how to bring the French suggestions within the scope of the League of Nations covenant.

France's proposal that she act as guarantor for the powers along Germany's eastern frontier, is considered by those German Liberals who have consistently urged that Germany join the league, as nothing short of an affront to the league. Adoption of such a plan, they argue, would determine the whole league structure.

Soviets Irrigation Project

Leninkan, Armenia.—Soviet's first national irrigation project, comprising a huge dam and 40 miles of canals, has been opened. The irrigation system was constructed largely by refugee labor. It will convert 50,000 acres of barren land into fertile agricultural and grazing areas.

The canals involved the cutting of a tunnel through two miles of mountains and three years' labor.

RAILWAY MERGER IS RECOMMENDED BY COMMITTEE

Ottawa.—Merging of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railway systems, for purposes of administration and operation, is recommended by a special committee of the senate on railways, which made its report to the upper house.

The committee recommends:

That both the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian National Railways should be placed under the management of a board of 15 directors, five to be named by the Canadian Pacific Railway, five to be named by the government, and these ten to choose five proven, capable business men, to complete the board; these last five directors to hold office for ten years and to be removed only for cause.

That a recapitalization be made of the Canadian National Railways, from the point of view of earning capacity.

That the Canadian Pacific Railway be guaranteed an agreed dividend on its stock.

That, in the event of the joint management producing a surplus, a dividend at the same rate as is paid to the Canadian Pacific be paid to the government on the capitalization placed on the Government Railways.

After payment of these dividends, any surplus earnings available for distribution be divided between the C.P.R. and Canadian National Railways, in proportion to the valuation of the two systems.

Authors Welcomed By Manitoba Premier

Canadian Authors' Association Hold Fourth Annual Convention In Winnipeg

Winnipeg.—Welcomed by Premier Bracken of Manitoba, the fourth annual convention of the Canadian Authors' Association opened with 70 members present.

In his welcoming address, Premier Bracken declared that such conventions would help to remove sectionalism and aid the fostering of Canadianism, which was so much needed.

Mayor Webb, of Winnipeg, advocated a stricter censorship on United States literature of a kind that United States people themselves condemned, but which Canadians did not.

Will Agree To Amendments

Melbourne.—Premier Stanley Bruce stated that he was pleased with the passage by the Canadian House of Commons of the Canadian-Australian trade treaty. He believes the Canadian senate will also pass it.

In ministerial circles here, it is the belief that the Commonwealth Parliament will readily agree to the measure, as amended by Canada.

PROPOSES TWO WESTERN MEN ON RAIL BOARD

Ottawa.—Right Hon. George P. Graham, minister of railways and canals, expressed the opinion in the House of Commons that the board of railway commissioners was rather too large and unwieldly. A vote of $239,359 for maintenance and operation of the board was under consideration. G. G. Coote, Progressive, McLeod, asked whether the government proposed to increase the number of commissioners.

Mr. Graham replied that in his opinion the board was, if anything, too large at present. There was no provision in the estimates for an increase in the number of commissioners, but he thought that some readjustment, which would give the west more adequate representation, might be feasible. This question was a large one, and any change in the constitution of the board would require legislation.

Mr. Coote said he would like to see the board more representative of Canada as a whole. The west now has only one representative on the board and, with the Crow's Nest Pass agreement cancelled, would be completely at the mercy of the board. He asked the minister if he thought the west was likely to receive justice at the hands of the board.

Mr. Graham replied that the question of having another western representative on the board was well worthy of consideration. He did not admit that the west would be treated unjustly by the board, as at present constituted, but a western man might bring to the board a somewhat different point of view.

A National Policy For Agriculture

Problem of Canada Principally a Sociological One

With a view to considering the best manner of bringing forward definite recommendations which would tend towards a national policy for Canadian agriculture, members of the agricultural inquiry committee of the Ontario Legislature and of the Canadian council of agriculture conferred at Toronto.

The discussion at the conference was broad in his nature. Those present took the view that the problem of Canada was in large measure a sociological one, and that the need in any programme for progress, whether agricultural or otherwise, was the promotion of better fellowship amongst the occupational and regional classes of Canadians.

During the meeting Donald MacKenzie, of Brandon, Manitoba, and J. E. Lyess, of Quebec, came out strongly for the standardization of Canadian products for export and for standard packaging. In respect to this section of the discussion, the meeting unanimously agreed that continuity of supply and volume for export could only be obtained by organization along national lines.

Inscription Excites Curiosity

Old Diary Entry Explains Words Cut On Windsor Castle Wall

The words, "C. Horne—shot by a candle," cut into the stone wall of the lower ramparts of the Round Tower at Windsor Castle has excited the curiosity of many visitors. No date is attached, and no explanation given. Curiously enough, however, an old Windsor diary has come to light which contains, under the date June 8, 1833, this remarkable entry: "Chas. Horne, Clewer Lane, was killed by a man shooting a rush-light at him from a gun. Buried at Eton, June 11." There is no evidence that the inscription on the castle wall and this entry in a diary refer to the same incident, but the probability is that they do. In reference to the event itself, it was probably the tragic end of what was meant for a joke, the offender thinking a tallow candle would merely flatten out against the poor fellow's body and do him no injury, whereas it has been proved that a candle can be fired through an inch board.

Elevators Carry 14,000,000 Daily

Total Number Estimated For Leading Cities of Dominion

More than one-tenth of the population of America rides in elevators of cities buildings each day, according to figures given out at the annual convention of the National Association of Building Owners and Managers.

According to the official estimate of the association the property represented includes approximately 222,600,000 square feet of rentable office space, and studies made by the association reveal the fact that for each working day one passenger is carried for every 15.3 square feet of space. This would give a total of 14,000,000 elevator passengers in the principal cities of America each day.

More Health Advice

Hold Your Breath to Determine Your Physical Fitness

Hold your breath and be healthy, is the latest word from the medical front. The length of time you can hold your breath is a measure of your physical fitness, Dr. F. W. Wittich, of the University of Minnesota, declared before the National Tuberculosis Association.

"The simple method is of a practical diagnosis value that can be classified with taking the temperature, pulse and respiration rates," Dr. Wittich said.

When Water Was Valuable

Water recently was worth $7 a pound in the dirigible Los Angeles. When it returned from a trip to Bermuda about 2,000 pounds of water had accumulated in the big ship as the result of heavy rains. This water ballast enabled it to get in the hangar without reloading any of the valuable helium. Often helium worth $11,000 is released to get the big dirigible down to the ground.

Italians Prefer Third-class

One hundred million passengers rode on the Italian state railways during last year, according to statistics recently issued. They paid an aggregate fare of 1,400,000,000 lire. Eighty-six per cent. of the passengers travelled third-class, 12 per cent. second-class, and only two per cent. first-class.

More than 20,000 persons are employed in making ice cream in the United States.

A Wonderful Organization

Lloyd's Receive Reports From 10,000 Ships Every Day

In explaining how the world's shipping news is gathered, a writer in a London paper says:

It is not generally known that although there are, approximately, 10,000 ships, belonging to forty-eight countries, on the sea, it is possible to find out almost exactly where each one is on every day of the year. This is due to a remarkable system of reporting rendered necessary because of Great Britain's banking, underwriting and trading interests in shipping.

The system is a wonderfully extensive one. In the great ports, Lloyd's have their own offices, and trained staffs. At less important places in di-tinal firms of shipowners or shipbrokers act for them. In remote ports in the South Sea Islands and on isolated coasts the agents are often retired shipmasters, traders, or planters.

The news from these thousands of "reporters" abroad is cabled in code to Lloyd's head offices at the Royal Exchange, London. From the home ports it pours in by telegram and telephone. The service is augmented by wireless messages received by owners and promptly forwarded to Lloyd's. In addition the latter institution has an arrangement with the British Government whereby all vessels approaching the British coasts are reported as they pass the coastguard signal stations.

As the reports are received they are dealt with by staffs of expert intelligence and index clerks, who work in relays throughout the day and night.

Bicycles Used In Japan

Is General Utility Article In Both City and Country

In the great earthquake, of September, 1923, the Japanese lost a quarter of a million bicycles, and yet there are in use today in Japan fully 3,500,000 bicycles. Areas and populations considered, Japan and New Zealand are the two greatest users of bicycles. Not only in the densely populated cities of Japan, with their narrow streets, is the bicycle in general use, but also in the country districts where it is found to be the best means of conveyance on account of the very narrow footpaths running between the rice paddy fields, over which it is often impossible for any other wheeled vehicle to travel.

In the cities the bicycle is used for all manner of purposes, from its regular of accustomed use to that of delivery wagon for everything from groceries and milk to steel goods and glass. It is a general utility article and the load or weight that is often carried on it is remarkable.

Many Speculations On Future Of Wembley

May Be Used As Solution Of Housing Problem

One of the principal topics of conversation at Wembley is the fate of the exhibition after it closes this year. Among officials and exhibitors an international exhibition next year is spoken of. A strong body of opinion also thinks that the palaces and pavilions will be used as a solution of the housing problem.

Idealists are already discussing means whereby these buildings could be converted into flats for thousands of people and a super-garden city established. Other suggestions are that a model manufacturing centre will be organized, that the palaces of industry and housing and transport will be converted into country sheds, and that a big military centre will be set up.

System Might Not Work

Reminding People of Loan Apt to be Risky

London has some queer people. A business man on the way to catch a train borrowed $10 from a friend, and a week later called him down because he hadn't sembled it out of the loan.

His logic ran like this: "I don't need to owe you $10, and what's more I don't want to. You were probably afraid of offending me by asking for the return of what belonged to you, and I don't thank you for thinking I was thin-skinned."

If you have any personal loans outstanding, try that system. Tell the chap he'd probably be offended if he retained what belong to you any longer. He may not see it that way, and still again there is the glorious possibility that he might.—London Advertiser.

Mrs. Hawkins.—"And 'ave you made all the arrangements for your marriage, my dear?"

Miss Jorkins.—"Well, not quite all. I've got to buy my trousso, and take an 'ouse, and get me husband a job, and buy 'im a good suit o' clothes, and get some reg'lar washin' work to do. An' then I'm to name the 'appy day."

Political Capitals In Canada

Victoria Was First When Fort Was Erected In 1849

The making of capitals in the west commenced when, in 1849, a fort was built near the southern end of Vancouver Island and given the name Victoria. It was made the capital of the coast country. In 1858 the mainland, which had been known as New Caledonia was made a separate government and the little mining town of New Westminster, on the Fraser River, became the capital of all the new province of British Columbia. The division was not a satisfactory arrangement, and in 1866 Vancouver Island and the mainland were re-united under one government and Victoria became the capital of the whole. That arrangement was continued when British Columbia entered Confederation in 1871.

Manitoba was erected into a province in 1870, and old Fort Garry, with its name changed to Winnipeg, became the provincial capital. For a number of years Regina was the capital of the North West Territories, and when in 1905, the Territories were divided into two provinces, Regina became the capital of Saskatchewan and Edmonton the capital of Alberta.

There is one other political capital in Canada—Dawson City, in the Far Northland of the Yukon, where a council meets with powers considerably less than those possessed by a provincial legislature to make regulations for the good government of that community of gold miners.

Author Of Famous Phrase

Attributed to Lincoln But Used by Wycliff 480 Years Previous

Who was the original author of the phrase about government "of the people, by the people, for the people"? It has usually been attributed to Lincoln and traced to his Gettysburg speech. Quite recently somebody made the discovery that the phrase was used by Robespierre, 70 years before Lincoln used it. More recently still the phrase was traced to John Wycliff, who 480 years before the Gettysburg speech wrote in his introduction to the translation of the Bible: "The Bible is for the government of people by the people and for the people." There the matter rested. Where John Wycliff got the words has not yet been revealed.

Some years ago an editorial writer on a Toronto paper was accused of having either imitated or literally a paragraph from a famous British essayist. The "deadly parallel" made out so strong a case that the editorial writer in his defence showed how the famous essayist had got his ideas and most of his words in the first place out of the Bible.

Who was it who said that when he got a new idea he went back to the old writers to find out how best to express it?

Cure For Cattle Rustling

Good Detective Work Seems To Be the Only Solution

Speaking at the livestock convention held recently at Swift Current, F. Hedley Auld, deputy minister of agriculture, stated that since the last convention, consideration had been given by the Livestock Inspection Act of Alberta, as requested by the convention. As a result, it was considered that there were a number of features of the Alberta act that could well be applied to Saskatchewan, and a bill will in all probability be submitted to the legislature at its coming session. In answer to a question, Mr. Auld stated he did not believe that "rustling" could be entirely cured by inspection or by legislation. "Real good detective work of the type was done in Maple Creek last year, would appear to be the only solution.

It Looked Intentional

At one time the Liverpool police were recruited mainly from Ireland, and it is told of one that on his first day in uniform he spied a watering cart—something he had never seen before—and followed it to the street end, where it turned to water the other side.

Pat found this procedure too much for him, so holding up his hand in the approved manner, he roared:

"Shtop! Oi've had enough av this! At first Oi thocht yez was shkeling, but now Oi sees yez doing it an purpus!"

The new minister was invited out for his tea. He was a bachelor, and when he helped himself to the cake for the third time he looked across the table at his hostess' little girl.

"I don't often have such good tea as this," he said, in his most appreciative tone."

"We don't either," said the little girl smiling. "I'm awful glad you came."

A husband who overcose his wife's fits of temper by means of confectionery speaks in glowing terms of the sugar-curing process.

Volstead Satisfied

Says Prohibition in United States is a Success

Prohibition has reduced the prison population of the United States and greatly increased the church membership, according to Andrew J. Volstead, former Minnesota congressman and father of the prohibition enforcement act.

"Under the old rule of affairs," Mr. Volstead recently wrote a personal friend, "the saloon never obeyed any law, while now, despite our increased population, there are fewer prisoners by several thousands in our jails.

"There has been a decided increase in the church membership since the eighteenth amendment became a law. The average length of life has been increased by three years; people are saving money and buying homes; slums in the cities are no more; gone are the ribald songs and foul stories.

"There is no constant violation of the prohibition law, generally known, which goes unpunished. It is unfortunate that certain large newspapers labor to encourage resistance to law enforcement. Nothing is perhaps better calculated to effect that purpose than to extol the alleged high character of those who are breaking the law.

"That prohibition cannot be enforced; that the difficulties are fundamental and inherent in the character of the legislation and the nature of the people, is not only clearly disproved by our experience in the prohibition states, but by what we have accomplished under national prohibition.

"Public opinion, reflected in more drastic and adequate punishments, is growing stronger and the organization for enforcement is steadily improving and becoming more effective."

Shoemaker's Great Invention

Englishman Gave World Fundamental Element Used in Dynamos

A hundred years ago, William Sturgeon, a poor shoemaker, and for some time a private soldier in the Royal Artillery, invented the electromagnet. Describing Sturgeon's invention in a paper read at a meeting of the Royal Society of Arts, Professor J. A. Fleming said that Sturgeon, though weighted with grave disadvantages from lowly birth and imperfect education, was remarkable for his great abilities and his enthusiasm as an electrical investigator. He gave to science an imperishable donation in the electromagnet, which in some form or another was the fundamental element in the dynamo, the electric motor, the transformer, nearly every telegraphic instrument, the telephone, the loading coil and the electric bell. Sturgeon's later years were spent in penury.—London Times.

How Etching Originated

Process Was Accidentally Discovered By Bohemian Glass-cutter

A Bohemian glass cutter was working one day when a few drops of nitric acid fell upon his spectacles. When he picked them up he was astonished to find that the acid had corroded and softened all the glass with which it had come into contact. He drew figures on a sheet of glass with a kind of varnish, and then painted round the outline with acid. As soon as the latter had had time to act, he cut away the glass round the outline. When the varnish was wiped off, his drawing appeared raised against a dark background. This is how etching and the process of decoraling glass was discovered.

Island Is Solid Iron

Valuable Spot of Land Situated Off Coast of Australia

The Island of Koolan, an uninhabited spot of land seven miles long and three miles wide, is described as a lump of iron resting in the sea. This island is situated off the coast of Australia. Prospectors have estimated that it contains almost eight million tons of iron ore, and this ore is said to be very free from impurities. It is believed that thousands of tons of iron also lie in beds which extend from the shore under the sea. The island has an excellent harbor.

The Dole

It is estimated that since the end of the war nearly £300,000,000 has been spent on unemployment benefit, out-of-work pay, and poor law relief for unemployed persons, with nothing whatever to show for it in the way of production, and with an accompaniment of widespread demoralization that of itself presents a most serious social problem.—London Daily Telegraph.

For New Research Fund

Assurance of effective support was given by the Toronto city council to a deputation of leading business men who appealed for a grant of $50,000 to launch the Banting Research Foundation.

Paradise For the Taxpayer

Living On Island Of St. Helena Is Wonderfully Cheap

If there be in the British Empire a cheaper place to live in than the island of St. Helena, I should like to know where it is, writes L. E. Neamo from that place.

There is no income tax at all! Indeed, the only direct taxation of any sort which one is compelled to pay is the "pedestrian tax" of three shillings (about 75 cents) a year.

Everything grown on the island is wonderfully cheap. But you cannot send round the corner to the butcher's for a chop or a joint. You have to wait until somebody kills a sheep or a bullock. If you object to a few "scratch" meals St. Helena will not suit you. But you can catch your own fish and grow bananas in your back garden.

There are only two or three shops on the island, and their stock is somewhat primitive and does not encourage large expenditure.

"No motors are permitted, but if you want to be regarded as a semi-millionaire you can keep a horse or a donkey. You will have to exist without theatres, cinemas, trains, tramways, moving staircases and wireless, but you will find plenty of tennis and golf and an occasional dance.

St. Helena looks bare and forbidding from the sea, but the interior is pretty, though very hilly, and its Napoleonic associations give it an added charm.

A Quaint Document

Lease Issued in 1836 Contains A Peculiar Provision

At the present day one is quite familiar with the expression "for the sum of $1," or some similar phrase to indicate nominal consideration used in many documents conveying property. A recent search in connection with titles through some of the old documents preserved in the records of the ordnance, admiralty and railway lands branch of the department of the interior, revealed a quaint and rather curious form of this consideration. A lease issued under the authority of the province of Upper Canada in 1836 contained the following: "For and during the term of thirty years at a yearly rental of one barley corn." The usual item of nominal consideration in the early days was "a pepper corn" but this is the first case noted where "barley corn" was used. Possibly it was because barley was more common than pepper in this country.

Has Wonderful Memory

Member of Prussian State Library Specializes in Weather Reports

Germans believe that a member of the staff of the Prussian State Library has the finest memory in the world. He has specialized in weather reports and from memory he can describe the weather of any day from 1831 up to the present time. His wonderful memory recently was tested by the Berlin Meteorological Society, and he came through with flying colors. Colonel Charratie, of England, once memorized the entire issue of a newspaper on a wager; a stoker memorized Haydn's "Dictionary of Dates," and Lord Randolph Churchill, also of England, was able to repeat a page of print after a single reading.

Burning By Paris Green

Can Be Avoided By Adding Lime to Mixture

Each year considerable injury results to tender plants through leaf scorching following the application of Paris Green.

This injury can be avoided by using a double quantity of freshly slaked or hydrated lime in a mixture with the Paris Green and then adding sufficient water to make a paste. Allow this paste to stand over night and then add to the strength desired for spraying. The lime combines with the free arsenious oxide and removes its leaf scorching property.

Lives in Four States

There is a man in the United States who is living in four different states at the same time. At the intersection of the boundaries of Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, stands his ranch house. Therefore he goes into Utah to sleep; when he gets up he washes in Colorado; next comes breakfast, which he has in Arizona; while if he finds any spare time he sits on his porch in New Mexico and has a smoke.

Will Test Voters

The Southern Rhodesia Legislative Assembly approved by 14 votes to 12, that a written test of 50 words, either in English or Afrikaan, should be put to every supposedly illiterate voter before being given the franchise.

Paying cash for what one wants is a good way to break the habit of wanting so much.

Planting For Color Effect

This Can Be Effected By Grouping and Massing of Flowering Shrubs and Plants

Few gardeners are satisfied with a single color garden. It is apt to be monotonous and fails as the season advances to hold the interest of either the gardener or those who visit his garden. In the natural progress of the seasons certain colors predominate at certain periods. The earliest color scheme of the garden as of the world, is yellow and white, followed by the rose color of late spring and early summer, when fruit blossoms and roses are abundant. Next comes the blue and yellow of midsummer, which deepen to scarlet, gold and purple in the autumn months. In the wide range of flowers to be chosen one may follow this plan, varying it more or less to suit one's taste. A writer in The Flower Grower recalls a garden which in the spring presented a brilliant show of yellow tulips in an irregular edging along winding paths and making a rocky terrace surrounded by a rubble stone wall. Later in the season the wall was covered with pink climbing roses. Another striking view was recalled made by a huge planting of the golden glow, and still ding from the sea, but the interior is pretty, though very hilly, and its Napoleonic associations give it an added charm.

Another garden of color effect it is well first, to plant in groups for masses of color; second, arrange each individual group and adjacent groups with harmonious color; third, plan for succession of bloom with the idea of color harmonates, and, four, every garden and every part of it needs a setting and a background. Green is not only satisfactory for a background, but they are easy to get and to take care of. These and small trees should be planted behind all borders and in between so as to form breaks. Such breaks are valuable to separate color groups that are out of harmony and by adding a little mystery and a succession of surprises.

Heat Of Earth's Interior

Temperature Is Estimated To Be 211,200 Degrees Fahrenheit

As to the state or composition of the earth's interior we are comparatively in the dark, except for inferences which amount to little more than guesses. Nevertheless, it is hard to escape the conclusion that the earth's core must be much hotter than anything ever heated artificially by man, although very high temperatures have been produced under pressure. The deepest coal mine ever sunk is, to the mass of the globe, much less than the skin of an apple in relation to the apple itself. Even if we take it that, according to the experience of mine-sinking, the heat increases one degree for every hundred feet bored, the temperature of the earth's centre would reach 211,200 degrees Fahrenheit. We can form some idea of what this means when we remember that the boiling point of water at sea level is no more than 212 degrees Fahrenheit, so that the earth's centre would be almost exactly a thousand times hotter than the water with which you make your tea.

Exchanged Courtesies

A man walking along a London street was accosted by a stranger.

"Excuse me," said the stranger, "do you know where the post office is?"

"Yes," replied the man and walked on.

After a few paces, it occurred to him that he had been a little rude not to have told his inquirer where the post office was, so, running back to him, he said, "Do you want to know where the post office is?"

"No," replied the stranger, and he walked on.

Consumption of Cheese and Butter

The per capita consumption of cheese and butter in Canada has shown a steady increase in recent years, according to a bulletin of the bureau of statistics. The consumption per capita of butter in 1922 was 26.22 lbs.; in 1923, 27.57 lbs.; and in 1924, 27.55 lbs. For cheese the per capita consumption in Canada was 3.04 lbs. in 1922; 3.15 lbs. in 1923; and 3.35 lbs. in 1924.

BIG BEN CHEWING TOBACCO

The Airtight Tins insure BIG BEN being in the same perfect condition, when you buy it, as when the tobacco left the factory.

15¢ per plug

You always have a nice fresh plug on hand—and the empty tins are useful, too.

ALWAYS FRESH

"Buy it by the tin"

MANUFACTURED BY IMPERIAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

A Romance of the Spanish Main

CAPTAIN BLOOD

RAFAEL SABATINI

Copyrighted, 1922, by Rafael Sabatini

"CAPTAIN BLOOD," a Vitagraph picture with J. Warren Kerrigan in the title role, is an adaptation of this thrilling novel.

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

Within an hour, the water-casks at least replenished and stowed aboard, the Arabella and the Elizabeth put to sea upon that angry chase.

"What now, Peter?" cried the young Jeremy Pitt. "Lord, man what is there here to fret you. Surely 'tisn't the thought of Rivarol!"

"No," said Blood quickly. And for once he was communicative. It may as well be that he must vent the thing that oppressed him or be driven mad by it. And Pitt, after all, was his friend and loved him, and, so, a proper man for confidences. "But if she knew! If she knew! Oh God! I had thought to have done with piracy; thought to have done with it for ever. Yet here have I been committed by this scoundrel to the worst piracy there ever was guilty of. Think of Cartagena! Think of the hell those devils will be making of it now! And I must have that on my soul!"

Setting a course for Hispaniola, since they judged that thither must Rivarol go to refit before attempting to cross to France, the Arabella and the Elizabeth ploughed briskly northward with a moderately favourable wind for two days and nights without ever catching a glimpse of their quarry. The third dawn brought with it a haze which circumscribed their range of vision to something between two and three miles, and deepened their growing vexation and their apprehension that M. de Rivarol might escape them altogether.

They had Jamaica on their larboard beam some thirty miles to westward, and, indeed, away to the northwest, faintly visible as a bank of clouds, appeared the great ridge of the Blue Mountains whose peaks were thrust into the clear upper air above the low-lying haze. The wind was westerly, and it bore to their ears a booming sound which in less experienced ears might have passed for the breaking of surf upon a lee shore.

"Guns!" said Pitt, who stood with Blood upon the quarter-deck. Blood nodded, listening.

"Ten miles away, perhaps fifteen—somewhere off Port Royal, I should judge," Pitt added. Then he looked at his captain. "Does it concern us?" he asked.

"Guns off Port Royal . . . that should argue Colonel Bishop at work. I think it may concern us. Anyway, we'll stand in to investigate."

Close-hauled they sacked aweather, guided by the sound of combat, for an hour, perhaps. Then, as, telescope to his eye, Blood raked the haze, the guns abruptly ceased. They held to their course, nevertheless, with all hands on deck, eagerly, anxiously scanning the sea ahead. And presently an object loomed into view, which soon defined itself for a great ship on fire. As the Arabella with the Elizabeth following closely raced nearer on their northwesterly tack, the outlines of the blazing vessel grew clearer.

"An English ship!" he cried.

He scanned the seas for the conqueror in the battle of which this grim evidence was added to that of the sounds they had heard, and then at last, as they drew closer to the doomed vessel they made out the shadowy outlines of three tall ships, some three or four miles away, standing in toward Port Royal. Pitt, who through the telescope was examining the receding squadron, observed things apparent only to the eye of the trained mariner, and made the incredible announcement that the largest of these three vessels was Rivarol's Victoire. They took in sail and hove to as they came up with the drifting boats, laden to capacity with survivors.

CHAPTER XXVI.

The Service of King William

One of the boats bumped alongside the Arabella, and up the entrance ladder came first a slight, spruce little gentleman in a coat of mulberry satin faced with gold, whose wizened, yellow, rather peevish face was framed in a heavy black periwig. His modish and costly apparel had nowise suffered by the adventure through which he had passed, and he carried himself with the easy assurance of a man of rank. He was closely followed by one who in every particular, save that of age, was the physical opposite, corpulent, in a brawny, vigorous way, with a full, round, weather-beaten face whose mouth was humorous and whose eyes were blue and twinkling.

"Damme! What's to laugh at, you porpoise," spluttered mulberry-coat.

As the little man stepped from the ladder into the waist, whither Captain Blood had gone to receive him, his sharp, fiercely dark eyes swept the untouth ranks of the assembled crew of the Arabella.

"And where the devil may I be now?" he demanded irritably. "Are you English, or what the devil are you?"

"Myself, I have the honour to be Irish, sir. My name is Blood, and this is my ship the Arabella, all very much at your service."

"Blood!" shrilled the little man. "O 'Sblood! A pirate!" He swung to the Colossus who followed him—"A damned pirate, van der Kuylen. Rend my vitals, but we're come from Scylla to Charybdis."

"So?" said the other guturally, and again, "So." Then the humour of it took him, and he yielded to it.

"Damme! What's to laugh at, you porpoise?" spluttered mulberry-coat. "A fine tale this'll make at home! Admiral van der Kuylen first loses his fleet in the night, then has his flagship fired under him by a French squadron, and ends all by being captured by a pirate. I'm glad you find it matter for laughter. Since for my sins I happen to be with you, I'm damned if I do."

"There's a misapprehension, if I may make so bold as to point it out," put in Blood quietly. "You are not captured, gentlemen; you are rescued. When you realize it, perhaps it will occur to you to acknowledge the hospitality I am offering you. It may be poor, but it is the best at my disposal."

"Damme. Do you permit yourself to be ironical?" he disapproved him. "I am Lord Willoughby, King William's Governor-General of the West Indies, and this is Admiral van der Kuylen, commander of His Majesty's West Indian fleet, at present mislaid somewhere in this damned Caribbean Sea."

"King William," quoth Blood. "And who may he be King William, and of what may he be King?"

"I am alluding to His Majesty King William III.—William of Orange—who, with Queen Mary, has been ruling England for two months and more."

"D'ye mean, sir, that they've roused themselves at home, and kicked out that scoundrel James and his gang of ruffians?"

"Stiffe! Hadn't you heard? Where the devil have you been at all?"

Briefly he gave an account. After that, with renewed assurances that aboard his ship they should be honourably treated, Captain Blood led the Governor-General and the Admiral to his cabin, what time the work of rescue went on.

"Go home, if you will," said his lordship when comfortable. Here is a great chance for you, since you've grown sick of piracy. Should you choose to serve King William out here during his war, your knowledge of the West Indies should render you a very valuable servant to His Majesty's Government, which you would not find ungrateful. You should consider it. Damme, sir, I repeat: it is a great chance you are given."

Pitt came to report that the work of rescue was at an end, and the men picked up—some forty-five in all—safe aboard the two buccaneer ships. He asked for orders. Blood rose.

"I am negligent of your lordship's concerns in my consideration of my own. You'll be wishing me to land you at Port Royal."

"At Port Royal!" The little man sprang irritably on his seat. Wrathfully and at length he informed Blood that they had put into Port Royal last evening to find its Deputy-Governor absent. "He had gone on some wildgoose chase to Tortuga after buccaneers, taking the whole of the fleet with him."

"Is Rivarol aware of this?" Blood cried sharply.

It was the Dutch Admiral who answered him. "Would he go here if he were not? M. de Rivarol he take some of our men prisoners. Berhaps dey dell him. Berhaps he make dem tell. Id is a great obbordunity."

(To be continued)

Women At Wembley

Taking Greater Interest In Empire Exhibition Than Ever Before

Women are going to have more to do with this year's Wembley exhibition than they did last year. Queen Mary will pay many more visits during the summer, if her engagements permit.

Under the presidency of the Duchess of York and the vice-presidency of Princess Mary, the women's section has organized many functions, including a "National Baby Week." The march of women into spheres hitherto exclusively held by men is indicated by the intention to hold a conference of women engineers.

The majority of women, however, will be engaged principally in the food section, giving hints on household affairs, the selection of fruits and foods, and demonstrating the latest household labor saving appliances.

A Judicial Contrast

The London Advertiser publishes the fact of two Ontario cases and makes no comment, because comment is needless. A former Hamilton police officer got two years for stealing two hams, while near London a motorist who ran down and killed a small boy and then speeded away got six months. —St. Catharines Standard.

The cynical bachelor observes that many a fellow who tells a girl she is as sweet as sugar only gets stung.

Minard's Liniment for Sore Feet

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
—FOR—
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, KIDNEYS, LIVER, BOWELS.

Amazing Adventures Of Captain Gardiner

Englishman Acquitted of Fraud Has Had Thrilling Career

These are some of the things done, according to his own story, during an adventurous life by Charles Alfred Gardiner, 58, who was at the Old Bailey, London, found not guilty on charges of obtaining a cheque for £200,000 by false pretences from the Gardiner Shipbuilding and Engineering Company Tooke, Dorset, of which he was director, of publishing false statements to induce persons to become shareholders, and of perjury.

After Captain Gardiner had given evidence, the jury stopped the case, and he was found not guilty and discharged.

Gardiner said that he laid all the mines in Port Arthur in the Russo-Japanese war. In the Chilean revolution he was in command of the crew of one of the Chilean vessels, and in the Boer war he was in command of the Australian Bushmen. Up to 1914 he believed he held the world's record as a diver for staying under the water 3 hours and 22 minutes.

During the war he salved the Oceanic (the White Star liner converted into an armed merchant cruiser, sunk off the north coast of Scotland in 1914) and commanded one of the "Q" or mystery boats. He invented a locking system for mines used against submarines and also invented not-cuttable submarine nets. He had been nine times wounded in the course of his life.

Honors Memory Of Paul Kruger

Prince Places Wreath On Monument Of Britain's One-time Foe

The Prince of Wales placed a wreath on the monument of Paul Kruger—"Oom Paul"—who was credited with being the soul of the policy that brought on the Boer War of 1899-1902. He was president of the provisional government after the war against Britain in 1881, and in 1883 was elected president of the Transvaal Republic. He held office as long as the republic stood.

The Prince paid his tribute to the empire's former enemy without any previous announcement or ceremony. He was accompanied by only two members of his staff.

The climax to the Prince's visit to the Transvaal came when Pretoria was superbly illuminated and a symbolical procession was held in his honor. He was entertained at a dinner given by the administrator to 250 representatives from different parts of the Transvaal.

The Prince, in the course of a speech, expressed the hope of some day being able to visit South Africa again. "Gentlemen," he declared, "it is no polite platitude when I say I will do my best to come back."

Religious Tolerance In Germany

President Von Hindenburg has promised to foster the spirit of religious tolerance in Germany, and conscientiously to respect and protect all creeds. His declaration was made after he had received representatives of the inter-denominational church alliance, composed of German Evangelical, Catholic and Jewish delegations who called to congratulate him upon his assumption of the German presidency.

Wise and experienced mothers know when their children are troubled with worms and lose no time in applying Miller's Worm Powders, a most effective vermifuge. It is absolute in clearing the system of worms and restoring those healthy conditions without which there can be no comfort for the child, or hope of robust growth. It is a most trustworthy worm exterminator.

Pig iron prices are off a dollar, maybe due to the supply of bride's biscuits coming in June.

It's a wonder money doesn't blush when made to talk the way it does by some people.

But for the need of horrible examples many a man's usefulness would never be properly listed.

Use MURINE FOR EYES IRRITATED BY SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS
MURINE COMPANY

She Said He Was "Incorrigible"

By Marjorie Bradford, Social Service Council of Canada

A woman brought her son into one of our Canadian juvenile courts a short time ago because, as she termed it, the boy was incorrigible. He would not stay in school and was getting his parents into continual difficulty.

When the boy gave his side of the story to the judge he said that school always gave him a headache.

The boy, on being examined by the court doctor, was discovered to be totally blind in one eye with the sight of the other already seriously impaired. And this poor ignorant mother thought he was "incorrigible." The boy was immediately given treatment which saved and even improved the sight of his eye. If the condition had been known in time the sight of his other eye might also have been saved.

Of 24,000,000 school children in the United States, 6,000,000 are retarded in their studies. And of those 6,000,000 retarded children, 2,000,000 are retarded because of defective eyesight. It is estimated that defective eyesight among school children costs American taxpayers $130,000,000 a year.

Similar figures for Canada are not available but they are estimated to be relatively the same. That is more than 8 per cent. of our Canadian school children are suffering under a mental handicap because of defective eyesight. I wonder how many of these children have been adjudged stupid or "incorrigible?"

Admiral Sturdee's White Feather

Naval Hero Equipped As Slacker By Ultra-Patriotic Woman

Admiral Sir Doveton Sturdee, who died, in England this spring, was the admiral who chased and defeated the squadron of Admiral Von Spee off the Falkland Islands, the second year of the war. When, after that battle, he returned to England early in 1916, he followed the custom of every other officer of his time and went straight into mufti. At that time ultra-patriotic young ladies were infesting the streets of London and other English cities, thrusting white feathers into the hands of able-bodied men who seemed to be shirking their responsibilities in not volunteering for service. As Sturdee was walking down Whitehall on his way to the admiralty, he was held up by one of these young women, who gravely presented him with a white feather, which she deftly thrust into his coat lapel, and exhorted him to turn into the adjoining recruiting office at Scotland Yard without delay. Thus equipped as a recruiting hero of the British naval victory since Trafalgar marched down Whitehall to talk over the details of the affair with his colleagues of the admiralty.—Argonaut.

The Village Blacksmith

Effort Being Made In Britain To Prevent Passing Of This Picturesque Figure

Strenuous efforts are being made in agricultural districts of England to save the picturesque old-fashioned village blacksmith from passing into oblivion. The smith of England today is not "toiling and rejoicing" to draw undue attention to himself, but is "sorrowing" a great deal more than in the days when Longfellow idealized him—all because of the advent of the automobile and the motor tractor.

In their desire to "save" the village blacksmith the Hertfordshire county council members announced recently particulars of a plan designed to keep alive the decaying industry which has been so hard hit by the modern organization of the big manufacturers and their agents who supply standardized parts of farm implements and machinery on lines of mass formation. The ministry of agriculture too has become interested in the scheme to prevent the passing of the blacksmith and has agreed to co-operate in the movement.

Devastating Canada

Cutting down trees and making them into logs to be rushed out of the country to pulp and paper mills in the United States, where highly paid labor is employed in turning them into paper, will never enrich Canada. On the contrary, it will devastate her resources of raw material and keep her people poor.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Natives in Congo Superstitious

The natives in the Congo region are firm believers in demons and witches. The number of people annually put to death owing to this horrible superstition is unknown, for the witch-doctors pursue their dreadful trade in secret, but it is believed to be very large, for no mercy is shown to anyone convicted of witchcraft.

There's no place like home, except sometimes, a mad house.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism

Keep Your Shoes Neat
2 IN 1 WHITE Shoe Dressing
CAKE OR LIQUID

Submerged Village Re-appears

Roofs Of Swiss Houses Visible After 300 Years

After 300 years, a submerged Swiss village in the upper valley of the Sass has re-appeared, owing to the low level of the waters of Lake Autrona. The original catastrophe was caused by a landslip from the Monte Pezzoli, which destroyed 42 houses of the village of Antrona Piana, together with the inhabitants and their cattle. As a result of the landslip a lake was then formed, but owing to the waters now receding the roofs of the old dwellings are again visible.

STOMACH TROUBLE DUE TO THIN BLOOD

It Usually Disappears When the Blood is Made Rich and Red

Thin blood is one of the most common causes of stomach trouble. It affects the digestion very quickly. The glands that furnish the digestive fluids are diminished in their activity, the stomach muscles are weakened and there is a loss of nerve force. In this state of health nothing will more quickly restore the appetite, digestion and normal nutrition than good, rich, red blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood, making it rich and red, and this enriched blood strengthens weak nerves, stimulates tired muscles and awakens to normal activity the glands that supply the digestive fluids. This is shown by an improved appetite, and soon the effect of these blood enriching pills is evident throughout the whole system. You find that what you eat does not distress you, and that you are vigorous instead of irritable and listless. If your appetite is fickle, if you have any of the distressing pains and symptoms of indigestion, you should at once take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and profit by the better condition in which they will put your blood.

These pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

War and the Auto

In 1924, 19,000 human beings were killed and 450,000 were injured by the automobile in these United States. . . . This casualty toll of 469,000 Americans levied by the automobile in the year 1924 is numerically 50 per cent greater than was the total casualty toll for the American armies and navies in the nineteen months while the United States was at war with Germany.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Time has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and during that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Some of the horses of the mounted police in London are valued at $2,000, more than the selling price of many race horses.

We didn't know a couple were married until we saw them yawning.

PAINS IN BACK AND SIDES

Ended by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Fusilier, Sask.—"For two or three days every so often I would have such pains in my back and sides that I could not do anything—could not even lie quietly in bed, and my head ached, too. I was this way about three years, but was worse after I was married. I was on a farm with not a house nearer than five miles and there was not a person to advise me, as my folks live in Manitoba. My sister-in-law told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took her advice and have been thankful for it ever since. After taking the medicine for three months I can say it has helped me a lot and I am doing fine. I am glad to recommend the Vegetable Compound to others and you may publish my testimonial."—Mrs. HELEN BALANOFF, Fusilier, Saskatchewan.

Often some slight trouble will cause a general upset of the system. Such symptoms as nervousness, painful times, irregularity, backache and headache indicate some form of female weakness.

Women so bothered should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. This dependable medicine has helped thousands of women and it is reasonable to expect that it will help you. Try it today. Your druggist sells this medicine.

FEET ACHE?
Rub them well with Minard's and know what real foot comfort means.
MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1583

Just in, a car of

OGILVIE'S FLOUR

Call in and get our prices on quantity lots.

Shorts and Bran

on hand

Quality Groceries Boots and Shoes

OYEN TRADING COMPANY

'Phone 28

Big New Gas Well

The new gas well brought in by the Canadian Western Gas Company in the Foremost field in Southern Alberta has a production of 11,000,000 cubic feet. The drilling of this well to a depth of 2200 feet was completed in 43 days.

Monster Masonic Picnic at Sibbald Beach July 8

The Masonic Lodges of Oyen, Sibbald, Alsask and Loverna are uniting in a monster joint picnic at Sibbald Beach on Wednesday, July 8. A very cordial invitation is extended to all Masons and their families to be present. A program of sports is arranged for the afternoon, commencing at 2 p.m.and all are urged to be on hand in good time to participate in the fun.

SIBBALD ITEMS

The June meeting of the Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. G. B. Speer, with ten present. Mr. and Mrs. Oakley were visitors for the afternoon.

• • •

There will be a general picnic at Glovers Lake on July 1st. Everybody welcome.

• • •

Leona Rankin, who was taken to the hospital at Kindersley, has returned home, and we hear she is improving slowly.

• • •

A good rain on Sunday night, and another on Monday nearly all day. Crops are looking fine.

About Town and Country

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Gillespie returned from Calgary last Wednesday after spending a few days in the city.

• • •

S. L. Kline, who went in to Calgary last Friday and was operated on for appendicitis, is reported to be making satisfactory recovery.

• • •

Every adult in the district is asked to support the society by becoming a member and assist in getting the organization into a sound financial condition.

• • •

Charles Tuel and Tom Anderson, who spent a few days at Cold Lake, returned to Oyen last Wednesday. They report excellent sport and a good outing. Their lavish gifts of fish on their return were greatly appreciated.

• • •

The Women's Home Bureau Service will hold a demonstration of sewing at Hill's School, July 2, 3 and 4, under the auspices of Hill's U. F. W. A. Demonstrations by Miss McConnell commence each day at 1 o'clock sharp. All welcome.

Excel U. F. A. Sports to-day.

• • •

Examinations at Oyen School were concluded yesterday.

• • •

William Irvine, school principal, left this morning for Calgary.

• • •

Miss Agnes Laidlaw, left this morning for Claresholme, Alta., where she will spend her vacation.

• • •

Miss Lulu Bishop, left this morning for Calgary, en route to the western coast.

• • •

Mrs. Thos. Thompson left on Monday for a trip to England to visit her parents.

• • •

Mrs. A. Wade and daughter Jean, who have been visiting at Flaxcombe, returned to Oyen last Thursday.

• • •

Rev. McIntyre of Youngstown occupied the pulpit at the United Church last Sunday, Rev. Corcoran taking Mr. McIntyre's place at Youngstown.

• • •

By mutual agreement, the business men of Oyen will adopt early closing on Wednesday's during the coming two months. All stores will be closed at one o'clock on Wednesday's during July and August.

• • •

Mrs. J. S. Miller and family of Saskatoon, who arrived in Oyen last Thursday, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Barbour. Mr. Miller who accompanied his family here left on a business trip to points west.

• • •

Mrs. J. A. Wilsie arrived in Oyen last Thursday from Saskatoon.

• • •

George Morrison left last Thursday en route to Toronto. During his absence, the drug store will be in charge of "Doc" Campbell.

• • •

W. D. Guthrie, returned to Oyen yesterday, after a consultation with Mayo Brothers at Rochester.

• • •

Jack Aylesworth is spending a few days with his parents.

• • •

The barn at B. C. Watts farm, north of Oyen, was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire, during the electrical storm last Sunday evening. Frank Sullivan, who rents this farm, managed to save the contents with the exception of feed.

• • •

The death of Johnson Craig, one of the pioneers of Oyen district, occurred at Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary, on June 23. The body was subsequently shipped to Halbrite, Sask., for burial.

In Lighter Vein

A bootlegger was bragging about the stuff he was peddling and this is what he handed out: "Yes, sir, it sure has the kick. I gave the midget at the circus one drink and after whipping the strong man, he beat three lions to death and then blew the tent over."

• • •

"However," says Bill Grisley "crossword puzzles don't call for as large a vocabulary, as trying to raise a window on a railroad train."

• • •

A new mausoleum in a Pennsylvania cemetery has been condemned by the building inspector because it hasn't any fire escapes.

DUTCH SETTLERS FOR WEST

A FAMILY of Dutch settlers recently arrived in Western Canada over Canadian National Railways after crossing from Antwerp on the S.S. Zeeland of the Red Star Line. Many settlers of this type are moving to the prairie provinces during the present season and they give promise of becoming splendid farmers.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE

WORK HORSES FOR SALE—20 head to select from. Well matched teams. Young, gentle and in good fit. E. C. Hallman, Acadia Valley P.O, 'Phone 1306, Sibbald.

FOR SALE—3 registered young boars Berkshires, Bacon Type. Apply at once to W. W. Ireland, Oyen.

LOST

STRAYED—Bay horse 7 or 8 years old, no visable brands, weight about 1300 lbs, black points, no white marks. Please advise, Oyen News.

STRAYED—One Clyde mare, mouse colored, weight about 1350, white stockings, white face. Branded R over quarter circle. Had halter on when last seen. $5.00 reward for information leading to recovery. H. J. Burgess, Sibbald, Alta. R.619.

LEGAL NOTICES

Municipal District of Cereal No. 242

NOTICE OF POUND SALES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that one grey stallion, three years old, no brands, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, H. J. Lott located on the N.W. ¼ 16-26-6 on the 10th day of June 1925, and that the said animal was sold on the 23rd day of June 1925, to August Waldschmidt of Cereal, Alta.

And that one dark grey mare three years old, small star, branded O. S. on right thigh, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, H. J. Lott, located on N.W. ¼ 16-26-6 on the 10th day of June 1925, and that the said animal was sold on the 23rd day of June 1925, to Robert Hollingsworth of Cereal, Alta.

And that one bay mare, three years old, branded —M on left shoulder, right ear split, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, T. Abbott, located on the N. E. ¼ 27-4, on the 7th day of June 1925, and that the said animal was sold on the 22nd day of June 1925, to W. B. Aikins, of Oyen, Alta.

And that the said animals may be redeemed by their owners or on their behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchasers of said animals.

For information apply to the undersigned.

W. H. Peterson,
Secretary-Treasurer
Municipal District of Cereal No. 242

The following committee is in charge of the Pool Drive in Townships 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30, Ranges 3, 4, and 5: Thomas Lees, Chairman, George Mehl, Harvey C. Johnson, J. T. Richardson and C. A. Bishop. Canvassers for each township have been appointed as follows:

Twp. 30, Rge 3 A. A. Stoner
Twp. 30, Rge 4 D. Cunningham
Twp. 30, Rge 5 T. A. Summers
Twp. 29, Rge 3 A. A. Stoner
Twp. 29, Rge 4 R. Cates
Twp. 29, Rge 5 C. A. Bishop
Twp. 28, Rge 3 A. Moore
Twp. 28, Rge 4 J. T. Richardson
Twp. 28, Rge 5 S. J. Caskey

At the Elevators.

Wheat	
1 Northern	1.30
2 Northern	1.32
3 Northern	1.27
Oats	
2 C.W.	.39
3 C.W	.35
No. 1 Feed	.35

Professional Cards

MEDICAL

Oyen General Hospital

MRS. R. E. WILKENSON
Nurse

Dr. H. C. Swartzlander
Physician and Surgeon,
Oyen, Alberta

Dr. JAMIESON, CHIROPRACTOR
OF HANNA, ALBERTA
Registered and Licensed in Alberta
NO KNIFE NO DRUGS
Consultations Free
Oyen, Wednesday and Thursday
Office opposite Curch of England

DENTAL SURGEON

Dr. T. F. Holt
Dental Surgeon
Graduate of Toronto University
Office with Dr. Swartzlander
Out of Town Thursday, Friday and Saturday

VETERINARY SURGEON

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College.
Oyen, Alta

BARRISTERS ETC.

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

W. V. Miller
Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Hail Insurance.
REPRESENTING
U. G. G. Securities Co. Ltd.
Manufacturers Life Insurance Co. and other good companies.
Hudson's Bay Company, Land Dept.
Notary Public

Oyen Lodge No. 16

There will be a meeting in our Castle Hall on July 9. 1925.

E.D. Thygesen K.R.S. C. L. Dunford C.C.

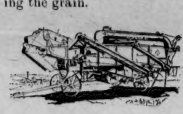
How is your subscription? If in arrears your address label will show you.

Twp. 27, Rge 3 Wm. Hall
Twp. 27, Rge 4 W. T. A. Walker
Twp. 27, Rge 5 George Mehl
E. L. Ketchason
Twp. 26, Rge 3 Fred Pope
Twp. 26, Rge 4 S. L. Kline
Twp. 26, Rge 5 Harry Taggart

THE SIGN OF MECHANICAL EXCELLENCE

CASE THRESHERS

All Steel—Are unequalled for clean threshing and saving the grain.



CASE TRACTORS

Are in a class by themselves! Durable and dependable and simple to operate for all work.

E. D. THYGESEN CASE DEALER OYEN, ALBERTA

We Sell the "BIG BALL"

The new "Big Ball" is becoming a favorite with the grain growers because it saves time in the field when time counts.

Last year the supply ran short because some of the orders came in too late. This year everybody can get twine in "Big Balls" if you just tell us now how much you are going to need. To avoid disappointment—

Order Your Twine Early

The genuine "Big Ball" contains almost twice as much twine as the old style ball and is sold only under the following well-known brands:

McCORMICK DEERING INTERNATIONAL

Guaranteed for full length, full strength, and for smooth, even quality that will tie a clean, tight bundle without bunching or breaking in the knotter. Every ball is treated against destruction by insects.

The Best is the Cheapest in the End

Give Us Your Order Now!

C. P. SNYDER

THE FORD DEALER AND IMPLEMENT MAN